

Residential Anti-Displacement and Relocation Assistance Plan

2022 CBDG-DR

May 2022 Tornadoes and Flooding (Pub. L. 117-180)

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1 Purpose

This Residential Anti-Displacement and Relocation Assistance Plan (RARAP) is applicable to the 2022 CDBG-DR program, administered by the Oklahoma Department of Commerce Community Development Division (ODOC). The RARAP describes how ODOC will comply with the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act (URA) and Section 104(d) of the Housing and Community Development Act (HCD) in situations where households could be displaced by the activities funded by the 2022 CDBG-DR program.

In accordance with the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended, (HCDA), and US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) regulations at 24 CFR 42.325 and 570.440 (1), use of Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery (CDBG-DR) funds must minimize adverse impacts on persons of low- and moderate-income. The purpose of this Residential Anti-displacement and Relocation Assistance Plan (RARAP) is to provide guidance on complying with the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, as amended (URA), (Pub. L 91-645, 42 U.S.C. 4601 et seq) and section 104(d) of the HCD Act (42 U.S.C. 5304(d)) (Section 104(d)). The implementing regulations for the URA are at 49 CFR part 24. The regulations for section 104(d) are at 24 CFR part 42, subpart C. This plan serves as a supplement to the acquisition and relocation requirements cited herein.

2 Subrecipient Guidance

The Oklahoma Department of Commerce's (ODOC) RARAP serves as a supplement to the acquisition and relocation requirements stated in the URA. Local government subrecipients (UGLGs) may adopt this plan or develop their own for ODOC approval. The approved plan must be made publicly available once approved. The plan shall indicate the steps that will be taken consistent with other goals and objectives of the program, to minimize the displacement of families and individuals from their homes and neighborhoods as a result of any assisted activities.

3 Waivers

For the purpose of promoting the availability of decent, safe, and sanitary housing, HUD waived the following URA and section 104(d) requirements with respect to the use of CDBG-DR funds, as applicable:

One-for-one replacement

Requirements at section 104(d)(2)(A)(i) and (ii) and (d)(3) of the HCD Act and 24 CFR 42.375 regarding one-for-one replacement are waived in connection with funds allocated under this notice for owner-occupied lower-income dwelling units that are damaged by the disaster and not suitable for rehabilitation. This waiver exempts disaster-damaged units that meet are "not suitable for rehabilitation," defined by ODOC as units in which any of these conditions apply:

- 1. The property is declared a total loss, or
- 2. Repairs would exceed 50% of the cost of reconstruction.

Tenant-occupied and vacant occupiable lower-income dwelling units demolished or converted to another use other than lower-income housing in connection with a CDBG-DR assisted activity are generally subject to one-for-one replacement requirements at 24 CFR 42.375 and these provisions are not waived.¹

FEMA & CDBG Relocation Assistance Disparity

For the purpose of uniform and equitable treatment between FEMA and CDBG funds, the relocation assistance requirements at section 104(d)(2)(A) of the HCDA are waived to the extent that they differ from the requirements of the URA and implementing regulations at 49 CFR part 24, as modified under the allocation notice for these funds. A section 104(d) eligible displaced person is eligible to receive the amounts and types of assistance for displaced persons under the URA, as may be modified by the waivers and alternative requirements under the allocation notice for activities related to disaster recovery.²

Tenant-Based Rental Assistance

The requirements of sections 204 and 205 of the URA, and 49 CFR 24.2(a))(6)(vii), 24.2(a)(6)(ix), and 24.402(b) are waived to the extent necessary to meet all or a portion of replacement housing payment obligations to a displaced tenant by offering rental housing through a tenant-based based rental assistance (TBRA) housing program subsidy, (e.g., Section 8 rental voucher or certificate), provided that comparable replacement dwellings are made available to the tenant in accordance with 49 CFR 24.204(a) where the owner is willing to participate in the TBRA program, and the period of authorized assistance is at least 42 months.

If assistance is provided through a HUD program, it is subject to the applicable HUD program requirements, including the requirement that the tenant must be eligible for the rental housing program.³

Optional Relocation Policies

The requirement that optional relocation policies be established at the grantee level under 24 CFR 570.606(d) is waived. However, at the discretion of the ODOC, subrecipients may adopt optional relocation assistance policies for providing minimal levels of assistance. This waiver is intended to provide States with maximum flexibility in developing optional relocation policies with CDBG-DR funds.⁴

Occupancy Requirement

Homeowner occupants and tenants displaced from their homes as a result of the identified disasters and who would have otherwise been displaced as a direct result of any acquisition, rehabilitation, or demolition of real property for a federally funded program or project may become eligible for a replacement housing payment notwithstanding their inability to meet occupancy requirements prescribed in the URA.

To the extent that it would apply to real property acquisition, rehabilitation, or demolition of real property for a project commencing more than a year after the Presidentially declared disaster,

¹ 88 FR 32079, Section IV.F.1

² 88 FR 32079, Section IV.F.2

³ 88 FR 32079, Section IV.F.3

⁴ 88 FR 32079, Section IV.F.5

Section 414 of the Stafford Act and implementing regulation at 49 CFR 24.403(d)(1) are waived, provided that the project was not planned, approved or otherwise underway prior to the disaster. See exception for persons meeting occupancy requirements and/or displaced due to other HUD-funded projects at 88 FR 32079.⁵

4 Policy

Low-income households permanently displaced as a result of CDBG-DR activities will be provided with relocation assistance under the HCDA and URA. Those households that are displaced but not low-income may be provided relocation assistance as needed, within the limitations of the allocation and to the extent that it is allowed as per the URA and implementing regulations at 49 CFR Part 24.

ODOC does not anticipate the permanent displacement of any households as a result of activities funded by the 2022 CDBG-DR program.

5 Relocation Assistance

A displaced person may choose to receive advisory services, reasonable moving expenses and security deposits and credit checks, interim living costs for actual reasonable out-of-pocket costs incurred in connection with the displacement including moving expenses, and replacement housing assistance as described above and in the ODOC Housing Rehabilitation Guidelines.

6 Minimizing Displacement

The following steps will be taken, where applicable, to minimize direct and indirect displacement of persons from their homes. The State of Oklahoma will coordinate with the Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency and any subrecipients to minimize displacement. CDBG-DR funds may not be used to support any federal, State, or local projects that seek to use the power of eminent domain unless eminent domain is employed only for public use. ODOC and its subrecipients do not intend to use eminent domain to purchase any property with 2022 CDBG-DR funds. Currently, it is not anticipated that the proposed 2022 CDBG-DR programs will cause displacement.

Subrecipients must include the steps noted below in their local Residential Anti-displacement and Relocation Assistance Plan (RARAP). Applicability of items on this checklist is dependent upon the project objectives and related feasibility of each action.

- 1. Coordinate code enforcement with rehabilitation and housing assistance programs.
- 2. Evaluate housing codes and rehabilitation standards in reinvestment areas to prevent undue financial burden on established owners and tenants.
- 3. Consider effect of tax policies which impact property tax assessments for lower income owner occupants or tenants affected by the disaster.

⁵ 88 FR 32079, Section IV.F.6

- 4. Adopt policies which provide reasonable protections for tenants residing in affected properties.
- 5. Stage rehabilitation of apartment units to allow tenants to remain in the building/complex as long as possible during and after rehabilitation, working with empty units first.
- 6. Arrange for facilities to house persons who must be relocated temporarily during rehabilitation.
- 7. Adopt policies to identify and mitigate displacement resulting from intensive public investment in neighborhoods.
- 8. Establish or utilize approved local counseling centers to provide homeowners and tenants with assistance to understand their options and implement their choices in the face of displacement.
- 9. If feasible, demolish or convert only dwelling units that are not occupied or vacant occupiable "dwelling units" (as defined in 24 CFR 42.305).
- 10. Target only those properties deemed essential to the need or success of the project to avoid displacement that is unnecessary.

7 Record of Changes

Number	Date	Description
1	04/01/2024	Added Record of Changes