



2026 Community Revitalization

[Application Guidance](#)



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SECTION ONE: APPLICATION GUIDANCE

The purpose of this Application Guide is to provide guidance in preparing a Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Community Revitalization (CR) application for the Oklahoma Department of Commerce / Community Development (ODOC/CD). This program was developed to help address quality of life issues which in turn aid both neighborhood and community revitalization.

Applications received under the CDBG Community Revitalization set-aside will be scored competitively against one another regardless of project request.

The maximum grant for the CDBG Community Revitalization application is **\$300,000**. The maximum amount of CDBG Community Revitalization funds that may be used for activity delivery cost is eight percent (8%) of the total CDBG Community Revitalization funds awarded for the total construction and professional/non-construction funds provided. **All CDBG Community Revitalization applications must be completed online no later than March 27, 2026, 5:00 p.m.** Applications submitted after this date will NOT be considered for funding.

Applicants are required to complete and submit their respective application and applicable attachments online at the following **Oklahoma Grants Exchange (OGX) web address: <https://ogx.ok.gov>**. **NO PAPER APPLICATIONS WILL BE ACCEPTED.** Application guidelines containing the specific program requirements for the CDBG COMMUNITY REVITALIZATION application is available on ODOC/CD's website: <https://www.okcommerce.gov/community-development/>. **WARNING: Prospective applicants should review the application guidance BEFORE attempting to complete the online application. Failure to meet application guidelines or properly submit required application documentation may result in a FAILED or DENIED application rating.**

National Objective-CDBG Funds

The primary National Objective of the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Program is the “development of viable urban communities by providing decent housing and a suitable living environment, particularly for **persons of low and moderate incomes.**”

The CDBG National Objective “benefit to low and moderate-income-persons” is considered a funding PRIORITY under the State’s CDBG Program and is treated as such under the State’s individual CDBG set-asides. All project proposals submitted for funding through the State’s CDBG Program must document the achievement of the low and moderate-income National Objective as delineated in 24 CFR §570.483 (Criteria for National Objectives).

- ✓ Provide benefit to low and moderate-income persons.

Eligible Entities

Eligible applicants for the CDBG Community Revitalization Program are units of local government (incorporated towns, cities, and counties) that are **not** participants in the CDBG Entitlement Program. Oklahoma’s entitlement cities are Edmond, Enid, Lawton, Midwest City, Moore, Norman, Oklahoma City, Shawnee, and Tulsa as well as the units of local government participating in the CDBG Urban County Designation for Tulsa County which consists of the following:

City of Bixby	City of Jenks	City of Skiatook
City of Broken Arrow	City of Owasso	Town of Sperry
City of Collinsville	City of Sand Springs	Unincorporated Tulsa County
City of Glenpool	City of Sapulpa	

Application Submission Requirements

1. City/Town and County (Direct Jurisdiction) Applicants: **City/Towns and Counties receiving a direct jurisdictional benefit may submit only one (1) grant application per CDBG Program Year** selecting from CDBG Water/Wastewater Engineering, CDBG Water/Wastewater Construction, CDBG Community Revitalization, or CDBG Rural Economic Action Plan (REAP). A City/Town and County (Direct Jurisdiction) cannot submit a CDBG application if it currently has an open CDBG grant. **Exclusions:** Economic Development Infrastructure Financing (EDIF), Capital Improvement Planning (CIP) and Disaster Recovery (DR). Typical County direct jurisdiction CDBG application projects are roads, bridges, County hospital, etc. In the case of fire truck funding requests, the County would have to own and operate the fire trucks to qualify under direct jurisdictional benefit.
2. County Sponsored Applicants: Counties acting in a “sponsorship” capacity may submit a maximum of one sponsored CDBG grant application per CDBG Program Year selecting from Water/Wastewater Engineering, Water/Wastewater Construction, Community Revitalization, or Rural Economic Action Plan (REAP). **Limitation: Counties may ONLY have one (1) open sponsored CDBG grant and still make another sponsored CDBG application. Counties cannot exceed a maximum number of two (2) open sponsored CDBG grants open at any given time.** **Exclusions:** Economic Development Infrastructure Financing (EDIF), Capital Improvement Planning (CIP) and /Disaster Recovery (DR). Counties may sponsor applications where they do not have direct jurisdiction over certain public functions. Generally, these are communities with less than \$50,000 in revenue, Rural Water Districts, and Rural Fire Districts. Counties CANNOT submit a single application containing multiple Units of General Local Governments or jurisdictions such as Rural Fire Districts under a single county sponsored application.

Proper Sponsors

The process of determining which unit of government (a town, city, or county) should submit or sponsor an application for CDBG Community Revitalization assistance must include an examination of the relationship between the location of proposed improvements in the service delivery area, and the proposed beneficiaries. The unit of government with direct jurisdiction over the majority (60%) of the proposed beneficiaries must be the sponsor or applicant for CDBG Community Revitalization funds. However, if no unit of local government has 60% of the proposed beneficiaries, then the unit of local government with the majority of proposed beneficiaries must sponsor the application for grant assistance. Also, in some instances a county may apply on behalf of a town or city that cannot meet the minimum \$50,000 annual revenue financial requirements identified in the Threshold Requirements in this guide. Prospective applicants are advised to contact ODOC/CD BEFORE application submission regarding any questions relating to proper sponsorship should any additional clarification be required.

CDBG Community Revitalization Projects – Use of Funds

Under this broad category, an applicant may submit a project proposal for any eligible activity listed in Section 105(a) of the Federal Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended. In addition to Section 105(a) of the Federal Housing and Community Development Act

of 1974, applicants are highly encouraged to consult the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) as it relates to the U.S. Housing and Urban Development's (HUD) CDBG Program.

[Title 24](#) → [Subtitle B](#) → [Chapter V](#) → [Subchapter C](#) → [Part 570](#)

TITLE 24—Housing and Urban Development

**Subtitle B—REGULATIONS RELATING TO HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
(CONTINUED)**

**CHAPTER V—OFFICE OF ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR COMMUNITY PLANNING
AND DEVELOPMENT, DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

SUBCHAPTER C—COMMUNITY FACILITIES

PART 570—COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANTS

24 CFR Part 570 Subparts "A", "C", "I", "J", "K", and "M" are applicable to the State's CDBG program. It is recommended that applicants access the online CFR version at <https://www.ecfr.gov> provided by the U.S. Government Publishing Office (GPO). Subparts "C" (24 CFR §570.201), (24 CFR §570.207) and "I" (24 CFR §570.482) will provide applicants with guidance as it specifically relates to CDBG project/activity eligibility. Applicants are advised to contact the Oklahoma Department of Commerce (ODOC) BEFORE application submission regarding any questions relating to project/activity eligibility should any additional clarification be required.

It should be noted that while ODOC/CD highly encourages applicants to seek additional clarification regarding CDBG eligibility that the official and final eligibility is determined upon application review. It should be acknowledged that ODOC/CD does not conduct official pre-application reviews. Should additional eligibility assistance be requested, it is important to keep in mind that ODOC/CD provides this assistance without the aid of any application specific documentation. In some cases, the lack of additional project related information such as that contained in the submitted application may result in a different eligibility determination upon final application review. Also, any comments or observations are being presented in consideration that all other CDBG Program thresholds will be met in the final application.

Under CDBG COMMUNITY REVITALIZATION, projects could include:

- ✓ Fire Protection (Fire Trucks) (See Note¹ Below)
- ✓ Streets (See Note² Below)
- ✓ Senior Citizen Centers
- ✓ Community Centers
- ✓ Public Library
- ✓ Property Acquisition
- ✓ Gas & Electrical System Improvements
- ✓ Removal of Architectural Barriers Associated with Handicap Access
- ✓ Storm Water Drainage Improvements

***Note¹ - Special Note Regarding Equipment Related Activities: 24 CFR §570.207 (Ineligible Activities)** ODOC/CD will NOT fund Equipment Only CDBG REAP applications except as provided under CDBG regulations. One notable exception as noted in the regulations would be the eligibility of fire protection equipment such as fire trucks.

The purchase of equipment under CDBG is generally ineligible except under very limited conditions as outlined in 24 CFR §570.207. The following excerpt is taken from 24 CFR §570.207. Applicants are encouraged to review the entire regulation and should immediately consult ODOC/CD should there be questions as to the eligibility of their prospective project funding request.

The general rule is that any activity that is not authorized under the provisions of §570.201-570.206 is ineligible to be assisted with CDBG funds. This section identifies specific activities that are ineligible and provides guidance in determining the eligibility of other activities frequently associated with housing and community development.

(a) The following activities may not be assisted with CDBG funds:

(1) *Buildings or portions thereof, used for the general conduct of government* as defined at §570.3(d) cannot be assisted with CDBG funds. This does not include, however, the removal of architectural barriers under §570.201(c) involving any such building.

(b) The following activities may not be assisted with CDBG funds unless authorized under provisions of §570.203 or as otherwise specifically noted herein or when carried out by an entity under the provisions of §570.204.

(1) *Purchase of equipment.* The purchase of equipment with CDBG funds is generally ineligible.

(ii) *Fire protection equipment.* Fire protection equipment is considered for this purpose to be an integral part of a public facility and thus, purchase of such equipment would be eligible under §570.201(c).

***Note² - Special Note Regarding Street/Road Projects:**

Under most situations, street/road project beneficiaries will only be those households directly adjacent to the proposed street/road project. If multiple streets/roads are involved in the project request, the street/roads projects should be contiguous. Otherwise, in most cases this would result in the need for separate LMI surveys to be conducted and would not qualify under "Project Definition" addressed in this application guideline. It is highly recommended that an applicant contacts ODOC/CD before attempting to conduct a LMI survey for a proposed street/road project or automatically attempting to qualify a proposed street/road project based on the published automatic LMI qualification table contained in the CDBG-CR Application Guidelines. Applicants will be required to send a project map should they need assistance.

CDBG Community Revitalization Projects – Project Descriptions

Project descriptions are required as part of the OGX' CDBG Community Revitalization application. Unlike large-scale water and wastewater projects which benefit from the submission of a detailed preliminary engineering report, the CDBG Community Revitalization set-aside allows for projects which require the applicant to formulate a detailed project description. For any requested CDBG project, there is an underlying "need" for such a project. It is the responsibility of the applicant to provide ODOC/CD documentation supporting the need for a project request. Failure to adequately demonstrate a project need will result in a FAILED threshold application rating. The project need is communicated in the "Project Description" section of the "CDBG Application Summary" page of the online OGX application. If required, additional narratives and supporting documentation can be uploaded in the "Uploads" page of the OGX application.

Example One – Fire Truck

- A. Describe the fire truck. What is the specific type of truck's purpose and how will it specifically benefit the applicant if funded? Applicants cannot simply write "Fire Pumper Truck". This is inadequate. Applicants cannot simply justify need such as "new fire truck to lower ISO insurance rates" or simply state "increased reliability" without stating the issues with the current equipment that is being replaced.
- B. Substantiate the need for the number of units requested. Obviously, this is only applicable if more than one unit is requested.
- C. Is this unit new, additional, or a replacement? Describe why a new, additional, or replacement unit is required.
- D. It is suggested that a picture representative of the proposed fire truck being requested with the CDBG funding be uploaded into the OGX application. Understandably at the time of application, this picture will not be the actual fire truck, but it will help the reviewer better understand the specific type of project request.

Example Two – Street Resurfacing

- A. Describe the street resurfacing. What is the specific construction activity taking place and how will it specifically benefit the applicant if funded? Simply stating that the road will be smoother to drive on is considered inadequate.
- B. What is location and/or name of the street that will undergo construction? Understandably, applicants are required to provide a visual map as part of the application, but the written location is required for ODOC's HUD related CDBG Program performance data.

Project Definition

Under the State's CDBG Community Revitalization program, a project is defined as ONE eligible or sponsored unit of local government (UGLG) applying for ONE activity in which there is a benefit to only ONE geographically TARGETED AREA or an entire COMMUNITY-WIDE AREA. These areas allow for an activity in which only ONE LMI survey (as applicable) is required. If the project does not meet the above definition, it will be disqualified resulting in a FAILED application rating.

Because of the unique design of the CDBG Community Revitalization Program and limited CDBG funding, it is necessary to provide additional project definition clarification. By limiting the number of activities requested under a single application, ODOC is trying to maximize the availability to other potential applicants.

Under CDBG Community Revitalization, projects are further defined as a single activity identified under the same general type or category. For example, an applicant requests CDBG funding for a fire truck and parking lot as part of the same application. Under this scenario, the fire truck (equipment) and parking lot (infrastructure) would be two individual project requests. It is important to note that it is impossible to account for every possible funding request scenario in this guideline. It is the responsibility of the applicant to contact ODOC before application submission for additional clarification.

Leverage

The State's CDBG Program requires that all leveraged CDBG project funding be in place at the time of the application submission. There are several reasons for this. First, the HUD based CDBG Program imposes program specific obligation and expenditure requirements. Most importantly, an applicant may simply not receive the leveraged funding as intended. This is an inefficient use of valuable CDBG program time and requires additional ODOC/CD staff time to deobligate the contract and reallocate the contract funding to another eligible CDBG project. Second, applicants without secured leverage funding at the time of the application submission would require additional time for securing the funds, adding time to the overall project completion timeline. Third, there is no foreseeable way to impose an additional timeframe for the allowance to secure leveraged funding that would be fair to all applicants given the varied types of outside funding available.

CDBG Project Eligibility Policy

Prospective CDBG Program applicants are strongly encouraged to review (24 CFR 570 Subparts A, C, I, K, and O) of the Electronic Code of Federal Regulations ([It is the policy of ODOC/CD that a prospective CDBG Program applicant request a CDBG project/activity that does NOT appear directly eligible and cannot be immediately determined as ineligible as interpreted from CDBG regulatory guidance and ODOC/CD staff that the applicant can formally request ODOC/CD to seek a final determination from HUD officials.](https://ecfr.io>Title-24/) for additional regulatory CDBG Program guidance as related to State CDBG Programs. The Housing and Community Development Act Section 105(a) and 24 CFR 570.482 defines eligible activities under the State CDBG Program. While some regulatory language is direct, there are instances where more clarity is needed.</p></div><div data-bbox=)

- a. The prospective applicant will be required to submit a project/activity narrative regarding the requested activity. This will be required by HUD to conduct their review and decide. It is the responsibility of the prospective applicant to provide the narrative. The submission of the narrative to ODOC/CD will be seen as the formal request to seek a final determination from HUD.
- b. Once a detailed project narrative is received by ODOC/CD, it will be submitted to the Oklahoma City HUD office for a final eligibility determination.

Prospective applicants are advised to seek project/activity guidance as soon as possible from ODOC/CD if they have eligibility concerns. Prospective applicants should be aware that final CDBG regulatory and program guidance can take several months to receive from HUD. ODOC/CD understands that prospective applicants are subject to CDBG application deadlines; however, in absence of a final project/activity determination from HUD, ODOC/CD cannot allow an award for any requested CDBG project/activity that cannot be determined to be directly CDBG eligible. If the project/activity eligibility determination has not been received from HUD by the CDBG application deadline, the application will receive a FAIL threshold rating. Applicants are advised to consider that a determination may not be received by the CDBG application submission date.

SAM.Gov Debarred / Exclusion Check Requirement

The System for Award Management (SAM.gov) is an official website of the U.S. government. **You must have an active registration in SAM.gov to do business with the Federal Government.**

There is no cost to use SAM.gov. The General Services Administration (GSA) is required by the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) to compile and maintain a list of parties debarred, suspended, or disqualified by federal agencies in SAM.gov. Units of General Local Government (UGLG's), contractors as well as recipients of federal financial assistance must be registered at SAM.gov. Active registration at SAM.gov is required to apply for an award and for HUD to make a payment. ODOC/CD is required by HUD to check UGLG grantees' debarment/exclusion status in the federal SAM database and place a record on file. You can use this site for FREE to:

- Register to do business with the U.S. government
- Update or renew your entity registration
- Check status of an entity registration
- Search for entity registration and exclusion records
- Search for assistance listings (formerly CFDA.gov), wage determinations (formerly WDOL.gov), contract opportunities (formerly FBO.gov), and contract data reports (formerly part of FPDS.gov)

Per the SAM.gov User Guide, the No Active Exclusions field on the SAM.gov Entity summary indicates whether the entity has a current debarment. SAM.gov will check the exclusions list for the Unique Identify Identifier Number (UEI#) of your entity and indicate whether any exclusion records exist. If an active exclusion record exists for your entity, this question will default to "Yes," meaning that the contractor is debarred. No Record Found means that the entity is not registered or has let its registration lapse. The entity should ensure that the email address is current in SAM.gov so that when automated reminders are sent to renew registration each year this reminder does not go into spam due to an obsolete email address.

Get started with a SAM.gov registration and the Unique Entity Identifier Number: If you have not yet started your registration, please create an individual user account and log into SAM.gov to register your entity. To register at SAM.gov, at a minimum, you will need the following information:

U.S. REGISTRANTS:

1. Legal Business Name, and Physical Address (A post office box may not be used as your physical address).).
2. Your Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) and Taxpayer Name associated with your TIN. Review your tax documents from the IRS (such as 1099 or W-2 form) to find your Taxpayer Name.
3. Your bank's routing number, your bank account number, and your bank account type, i.e. checking or savings, to set up Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT).

Refer to the following website [SAM.gov | Home](#) for the applicable options provided for your entity. If you have already registered, check your status by clicking on “Check Registration Status” and logging in with your username and password; then provide your UEI Number or CAGE Code. You will need to download the information provided by the site by clicking on the Download heading toward the top of the page which creates an electronic pdf copy of the document that will need to be saved for your records. That pdf will be required to be uploaded into OGX with the status that shows that the UGLG has an Active status and has NO ACTIVE EXCLUSIONS.

You must renew your registration every 365 days to keep it active. You can make updates to your registration anytime or during renewal.

The Build America Buy America Act (BABAA), enacted as part of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act on November 15, 2021, established a domestic content procurement preference for all Federal financial assistance obligated for infrastructure projects. The domestic content procurement preference requires that all iron, steel, manufactured products, and construction materials used in covered infrastructure projects are produced in the United States. BABAA will apply to 2023 CDBG projects and CDBG projects thereafter where the total amount of Federal financial assistance exceeds \$250,000. For more information regarding BABAA, please visit [here](#).

Proposal Guidance

Technical assistance regarding eligible projects, project concepts, the application guidelines, and other information pertaining to the CDBG Community Revitalization Program is available upon request.

Applicants are encouraged to contact the staff listed below anytime they are uncertain about program requirements, project conceptualization, or any portion of the application process and/or guidelines.

CDBG Community Revitalization Application inquiries may be directed to:

Karen Adair, karen.adair@okcommerce.gov, 800-879-6552, or 405-764-5164

SECTION TWO: REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

The following narration provides detailed guidance regarding the documents needed to submit a complete CDBG Community Revitalization application. Please note that the documentation in items One (1) through Four (4) can only be completed online at the OGX website. Items Five (5) through Thirteen (13) are attachments that are required to be completed and then electronically uploaded via the internet to the OGX' website.

1. Application Summary and Certification (OGX - Online Completion Only)

The summary requests general information about the applicant and must be completed in full. The certification attests to the accuracy and completeness of the application.

2. Detailed Line Item Budget (OGX - Online Completion Only)

The proposed activities should be highly detailed because they will provide the basis of your contract and project budget should you receive funding.

As referenced in (24 CFR 570.201-204) and (CPD Notice 13-07), costs incurred as a direct result of implementing and executing eligible CDBG activities are known as "Activity Delivery Costs". These costs are directly attributable to an eligible CDBG project activity. Under the State's CDBG Community Revitalization set-aside, the maximum amount of CDBG funds that may be used for Activity Delivery Costs by a CDBG certified administrator is eight percent (8%) of the total CDBG construction and professional/non-construction funds provided.

3. Consultant Form (OGX - Online Completion Only)

4. Audit (OGX - Online Completion Only)

TOWNS AND CITIES (COUNTIES ARE EXEMPT) MUST SUBMIT A COPY OF THEIR AUDIT OR THE AGREED UPON PROCEDURES BY THE APPLICATION DEADLINE. ALL TOWNS AND CITIES THAT HAVE A JUNE 30, FISCAL YEAR END DATE ARE REQUIRED TO SUBMIT A COPY OF THEIR FY 2025 AUDIT AND TOWNS AND CITIES THAT HAVE A DECEMBER 31, FISCAL YEAR END DATE ARE REQUIRED, AS A MINIMUM, TO SUBMIT A COPY OF THEIR FY 2024 AUDIT. NO APPLICATION WILL BE CONSIDERED FOR REVIEW OR FUNDING THAT DOES NOT MEET THE REQUIREMENTS STATED ABOVE.

If the city or town receives less than \$50,000 in annual revenues from its normal business and does not have an audit or agreed upon procedure, the city or town cannot apply directly to ODOC/CD. If the County chooses to do so, the city or town can apply only by having the local County apply on their behalf.

An audit is required to be uploaded as part of the application process. Alternatively, the audit may also be submitted via postal mail to:

Oklahoma Department of Commerce
Financial Services
900 N. Stiles Ave.
Oklahoma City, OK 73104

General audit inquiries and questions regarding audit submissions should be directed to the Oklahoma Department of Commerce/Financial Services at 800-879-6552.

5. Applicant Resolution (Attachment A – Upload Form to OGX)

Applications must include a resolution passed by the current governing body requesting that assistance. The Resolution is required to be uploaded as part of the application process. A sample resolution is provided in Attachment “A” of the application. The Resolution is required to be signed and dated by the chief elected official. The Resolution also requires a Town/City/County seal, or it must be notarized in lieu of the seal.

6. Citizen Participation Requirements (Attachment B- Upload Form to OGX)

All applicants, to apply for CDBG assistance, must complete and document the following requirements: (1) create and adopt a Written Citizen Participation Plan and (2) hold an application phase public hearing regarding the CDBG Community Revitalization Program. The Citizen Participation document is required to be uploaded as part of the application process.

Citizen Participation Plans must be officially adopted and followed by all applicants and submitted as Attachment “B” in the application. Re-stating the Citizen Participation Plan outline requirements does not constitute a valid plan. Applicants must clearly state the actions they will undertake to meet the requirements of Written Citizen Participation Plans. (Sample Citizen Participation Plan can be found in the Attachment “B” of the application.) Applicants may readopt prior years Citizen Participation Plans provided that the previous plan has been reviewed and updated as needed to adequately support the proposed project.

Documentation of the “application phase” Public Hearing is also an application requirement. Acceptable documentation consists only of the **affidavit of publication, official posting announcing where and when the hearing is to be held along with a listing of the posting locations** (posting is an acceptable method of advertising only where it is the standard method used by a unit of local government to provide notice of official meeting), or a copy of the newspaper article announcing the public hearing.

ODOC/CD requires that no less than seven (7) WORKING DAYS be given as advance notice of the application phase Public Hearing or any subsequent public meetings held for the purpose of discussing project activities as they relate to the CDBG Community Revitalization grant funds., **WHEN POSTING DO NOT COUNT THE DAY OF THE POSTING, BUT THE DAY AFTER AS DAY ONE (1). DO NOT CONDUCT THE PUBLIC HEARING ON THE SEVENTH (7TH) DAY OF POSTING. THE PUBLIC HEARING MUST BE CONDUCTED ON THE EIGHTH (8TH) DAY AFTER POSTING. A FULL SEVEN (7) DAYS OF POSTING IS REQUIRED (see example):**

If the notice is posted on Monday, November 3rd, the working day count would be:

- Day 1: Tuesday, November 4
- Day 2: Wednesday, November 5
- Day 3: Thursday, November 6
- Day 4: Friday, November 7
- Day 5: Monday, November 10
- [Holiday – Veterans Day]: Tuesday, November 11 (not counted)
- Day 6: Wednesday, November 12
- Day 7: Thursday, November 13
- Earliest possible hearing date: Friday, November 14

If the posting is not posted as instructed, a failed application will result.

All written Citizen Participation Plans must explain how an Applicant unit of local government will:

1. Provide for and encourage citizen participation, particularly by low and moderate-income persons who reside in areas where CDBG Community Revitalization funds are proposed to be used.
2. Ensure citizens will be given reasonable and timely access to local meetings, information and records relating to the unit of local government's proposed and actual use of the CDBG Community Revitalization funds, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - (a) The amount of CDBG Community Revitalization funds expected to be made available for the current fiscal year if the project is approved;
 - (b) The range of activities that may be undertaken with CDBG Community Revitalization funds;
 - (c) The estimated amount of CDBG Community Revitalization funds proposed to be used for activities that will meet the National Objective of benefit to low and moderate-income persons;
 - (d) The proposed CDBG Community Revitalization activities likely to result in displacement and the sponsoring unit of local government's anti-displacement and relocation plans developed in accordance with Section 104(d)(1) and (2) of the Act; and
 - (e) The basis on which the sponsoring unit of local government may provide technical assistance to groups' representative of persons of low and moderate-income that request assistance in developing proposals. The level and type of assistance to be provided are at the discretion of the sponsoring unit of local government. Such assistance need not include providing funds to such groups.
3. Provide for a minimum of two (2) public hearings; one prior to submission of the application for funding of the project that favors the purpose of obtaining citizens' views and formulating or responding to proposals and questions; the other at the end of the grant period, if the Applicant receives funding, that discusses Grantee performance. There must be reasonable notice of the public hearings (**ODOC/CD requires no less than seven (7) working days**), and they must be held at times and in locations convenient to potential or actual beneficiaries, with accommodations for persons with disabilities.
4. Meet the needs of residents with limited English proficiency (LEP) in the case of public hearings where a significant number of LEP residents can reasonably be expected to participate.
5. Provide citizens with reasonable advance notice (**ODOC/CD requires no less than seven (7) working days**), and the opportunity to comment on proposed activities not previously described in a unit of local government's funding request and activities which are proposed to be deleted or substantially changed in terms of purpose, scope, location or beneficiaries. Substantially changed means changes made in terms of purpose, scope, location or beneficiaries.
6. Provide the place, phone numbers, and times where and when citizens are able to communicate when submitting written complaints and grievances; the process the unit of local

government will use to provide for a timely written answer to written complaints and grievances, within fifteen (15) working days where practical.

7. The application phase public hearing must, at a minimum, address the following topics:
 - (a) Community development and housing needs;
 - (b) CDBG Community Revitalization Program purpose, i.e. meeting the LMI National Objective;
 - (c) The development of proposed activities.
8. The Citizen Participation Plan is required to be signed and dated by the chief elected official. The Citizen Participation Plan also requires a Town/City/County seal, or it must be notarized in lieu of the seal.

7. Certified Engineering, Arch. & Professional Cost Estimates (Attachment C – Upload to OGX)

All cost estimates shall be obtained from professional sources and are required to be uploaded as part of the application process. These estimates must be certified and from professional engineers, architects, construction companies, vendors, or appropriate personnel with experience to make such estimates. All estimates must be signed and dated and sealed (if applicable). However, when the application is for new building construction or improvements to an already existing building, the applicant must adhere to 59 O.S. §46.21b and 74 O.S. §324.11 as amended.

Preliminary Engineering and Architectural expenses are an eligible cost to the CDBG Community Revitalization contract if budgeted for in the application and the application is approved for funding. ODOC/CD will allow a maximum of 2% for preliminary engineering or architectural costs. This percentage is based on the total proposed CDBG Community Revitalization activity dollars using the following Rural Economic and Community Development engineering fee table below. Engineering and architectural services paid for with CDBG Community Revitalization funds must be procured in accordance with ODOC/CD procedures.

The maximum amount of CDBG Community Revitalization funds that may be used for final engineering and architectural is based on the total proposed CDBG Community Revitalization activity dollars using the following Rural Economic and Community Development engineering fee table:

USDA – RURAL DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING FEE TABLE:

Proposed CDBG Construction Amount	Percentage Limit
\$60,000	13.2
\$70,000	12.6
\$80,000	12.3
\$90,000	12.0
\$100,000	11.9
\$200,000	10.5
\$300,000	9.7
\$400,000	8.9
\$500,000	8.5

\$600,000	8.2
\$700,000	8.0
\$800,000	7.8
\$900,000	7.7
\$1,000,000	7.5
\$2,000,000	6.7
\$3,000,000	6.4
\$4,000,000	6.3
\$5,000,000	6.2

The maximum amount of CDBG Community Revitalization funds that may be used for resident inspection is based on the total proposed CDBG Community Revitalization activity dollar costs using the USDA-Rural Development resident inspection fee table below:

USDA – RURAL DEVELOPMENT RESIDENT INSPECTION FEE TABLE:

Proposed CDBG Construction Amount	Percentage Limit
\$100,000 or less	5.0 (or negotiated lump sum)
\$200,000	4.2
\$300,000	3.8
\$400,000	3.5
\$500,000	3.2
\$600,000	3.0
\$700,000	2.8
\$800,000	2.65
\$900,000	2.5
\$1,000,000	2.4
\$2,000,000	2.3
\$3,000,000	2.2
\$4,000,000	2.1
\$5,000,000	2.0

The limitations are to be used by applicants as guides for CDBG Community Revitalization project proposal budgeting only. ODOC/CD does not mean to imply that percentage of professional and construction engineering fee contracts are acceptable. In the event a grant is awarded and CDBG Community Revitalization funds are used to pay for professional and construction engineering services, only lump sum or fixed price contracts for those services will be acceptable when procured in accordance with the CDBG Project Management Guide Policies and Procedures.

ODOC/CD reserves the right to review, question, realign and/or negotiate any part of an Applicant's proposed project costs including, but not limited to, engineering and/or resident inspection fees, administrative costs, leverage, all elements of construction costs, etc. Applicants should be prepared to justify the costs associated with their entire project. Any proposed costs that cannot be fully justified and/or documented shall be subject to change by ODOC/CD.

8. Applicant/Recipient Disclosure/Update Report – HUD Form 2880 (Attachment D – Upload Form to OGX)

This form must be completed if the minimum requirements of the disclosure are met and certified by the interested parties as set forth in the disclosure. The Applicant/Recipient Disclosure/Update Report is required to be uploaded as part of the application process.

9. Leverage (Attachments E1, E2, E3 – Upload Forms to OGX)

Leverage is not a threshold requirement. However, applicants will be rated on their ability to integrate the use of additional funds to carry out CDBG Community Revitalization projects. Leverage will be valued using full value for cash leverage.

Proposed leverage must be directly related to the proposed CDBG Community Revitalization project. Leverage may consist of cash or in-kind contributions. This leverage may consist of cash or in-kind contributions. However, ONLY cash-based leverage will be subject to receiving application points. Cash includes other federal/state grants and loans and capital improvement funds set-aside for a specified purpose in the municipal and/or county budget. Cash also includes the fair market value of land, building, or materials portion of infrastructure improvements. In-kind includes the value of force account labor, voluntary labor (\$10.00 per hour) or the services and supplies provided by another local entity.

Activity Delivery costs may be donated as “in-kind” leverage. However, the amount of activity delivery costs for CDBG Community Revitalization projects is established at 8% of the CDBG Community Revitalization award. Therefore, any value of administrative services above that amount cannot be considered as leverage.

The value of in-kind contributions must be reasonable and verifiable. ODOC/CD reserves the right to require additional documentation of the value and extent of in-kind contributions. ODOC/CD will utilize professional engineers and/or other appropriate personnel to ascertain the validity of the in-kind contributions. Penalties such as deobligation of the grant, reduction of the grant amount or other measures deemed appropriate by ODOC/CD may be assessed for in-kind contributions not materializing. Additionally, if the applicant wishes to use volunteer labor, it might want to review its exposure to any potential liability before submitting the application.

10. LMI Documentation (Attachment F – Upload to OGX) As Applicable

The following are mandatory uploads for those applicants conducting Random Sample Income Surveys:

- a. LMI Beneficiary Summary Form – (Blank Copy Attachment F) *NOTE: The LMI Beneficiary Summary Form summarizes the beneficiary data and uploaded Field Survey Sheets on one form and is required to be filled out (as applicable). Please follow the form's instructions for completion. If any of the numbers on Attachment F are manually changed by the applicant, the application will automatically fail.*
- b. Random Number Table
- c. Survey Map
- d. Copy of the Original LMI Field Survey Sheets

CDBG Community Revitalization applicants must qualify their project activities under the low and moderate-income National Objective.

(a) Qualifying under the National Objective of Benefit to Low and Moderate-Income Person.

To qualify for CDBG Community Revitalization funding under the National Objective of benefit to low and moderate-income persons, the proposed project activities must show a positive or general improvement of living conditions in a definable geographic target area where at least 51% of the occupied households/homes are of low and moderate-income families. Low and moderate-income families have an income equal to or less than the current Section 8 low-income limits established by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), (Appendix D of this guidance document).

Each activity proposed for funding with CDBG Community Revitalization dollars claiming the National Objective of benefit to low and moderate-income persons, must provide data indicating the percentage of low and moderate-income beneficiaries.

Various questions must be answered before determining whether an activity proposed for CDBG Community Revitalization funding provides benefit to principally low and moderate-income families. Questions to be answered include: (1) How does the proposed activity serve the residents of the geographic target area in which it is taking place? (2) Which occupied households/homes within the geographic target area are directly affected or impacted by the proposed activity? (3) Is there a larger set of households/homes that will be served by the proposed activity?

Once the beneficiaries for each activity proposed for funding with CDBG Community Revitalization dollars have been identified, the next step is to document the percentage of low and moderate-income households/homes that will benefit from each of those activities. This is best accomplished by performing an income survey to determine family incomes.

However, in some very limited cases, Census data may be used to document the percentage of low and moderate-income families receiving benefit. However, the use of any Census data to document the percentage of low and moderate-income beneficiaries for any CDBG Community Revitalization funded activity requires prior ODOC/CD review and approval. Any applicant intending to use Census data to document the project's percentage of low and moderate-income beneficiaries must contact ODOC/CD CDBG Planner via email thirty (30) days PRIOR to the application's submission deadline. The use of Census data has several HUD mandated procedural requirements and is subject to various use related restrictions. These requirements and restrictions are best directly discussed with the ODOC/CD CDBG Program Planner to receive the proper guidance on meeting HUD Census based eligibility and compliance requirements. **An applicant's failure to obtain prior ODOC/CD review and approval of the use of Census data to qualify the proposed CDBG project will result in a FAILED threshold rating.**

Please note that if the available Census data geographies do not reasonably correspond to the service area, it will not be appropriate to use Census data to qualify for a low and moderate-income activity. Applicants will then be required to conduct a targeted local income survey in order to determine low and moderate-income compliance for the specific service area.

Applicants may not prorate the Census data when a given service area includes a portion of a geography from published datasets. The low and moderate-income determination shall be

made based on the entirety of the data of the census geography which the service area both completely encloses and significantly overlaps.

Income survey techniques consist of door-to-door surveys, telephone surveys, mail surveys, or any combination of the three. Regardless of the technique used, an Applicant must be able to link each income response to a specific family within a specific household/home. Blind survey techniques that cannot match households/homes and their respective family incomes will not be accepted, as they do not allow for verification should it become necessary.

For all FY 2026 income surveys, applicants must use the provided HUD Income Limits included in this Application Guidance; Any other numbers used will result in a failed application with the exception of the Income Surveys that have been conducted within the previous two program years (FY 2024 or 2025). To be eligible for previous program years' surveys, the Applicant will be responsible for providing copies of the original Field Survey Summary Sheet, Survey Field Sheets, Random # Table, and Survey Map. Only the Random Sample Survey methodology will be accepted by ODOC/CD.

(b) Conducting an Income Survey

For those applicants conducting Random Sample Income Surveys, a sample Field Survey Form can be found in Appendix "A" of this guidance document. All applicants are required to complete the Direct Project Beneficiary Income Survey Summary located in the online application at OGX. Additionally, the following LMI documentation is required to be uploaded the Application "UPLOADS" section of OGX: 1. Upload a copy of the Random Number Table that was generated by ODOC/CD to perform the survey. 2. Upload a color-coded map that identifies each surveyed home's income status (above or below low and moderate-income status); the location of all proposed CDBG and leverage activities, and the central business district. 3. Upload all scanned copies of the original Direct Beneficiary Income Field Survey sheets. 4. Upload a copy of the LMI Beneficiary Summary Form. (A blank copy of this form is in Attachment F) *NOTE: The LMI Beneficiary Summary Form summarizes the uploaded Field Survey Sheets on one form and is required to be filled out to include: Town/City/Target Area, County, and Survey Date.*

An overview of the Random Sample Survey procedures is provided below.

- Step 1.** List by name and address, the number of households within the geographic area to be covered by the project (for example, the following listings may be used to identify the number of households within your universe: water billing, wastewater billing, 911 emergency service databases, or in the case of a county, the voting rolls).
- Step 2.** Alphabetize your universe by last name (all households); or list in ascending or descending order by account numbers. This establishes a random distribution for your universe.
- Step 3.** Number all households composing your universe.
- Step 4.** Based on the number of households provided, a random survey sample will be generated by ODOC/CD and provided to the Applicant along with the required response rate that must be achieved.

Step 5. Match the random sampling numbers to your numbered household universe and survey those locations. For example, if the random sample provided by ODOC/CD is "#47", match that number 47, to the 47th entry on your numbered universe and survey that location. Continue to survey until you have achieved the required response rate. Do not over survey.

Step 6. Survey using the "Direct Project Beneficiary Income Survey Field Worksheet" provided in the appendix to this application packet (these working papers are to be retained with the permanent records of the unit of local government) and the low-income figures for your county (provided in Appendix "A").

Step 7. Complete the "LMI Beneficiary Summary Form" attached in the Application Guidelines and upload the form into the online OGX Application "Uploads" section.

The table below provides the sample size of households that must be surveyed compared to the number of households identified in the target area. For example: If you had 230 occupied households in the target area you would need to survey 150 occupied households.

Required Sample Sizes for Universes of Various Sizes:

Number of Occupied Households in Target Area	Survey Sample Size
1 - 55	50 or all if less than 50 households in universe
56 - 63	55
64 - 70	60
71 - 77	65
78 - 87	70
88 - 99	80
100 - 115	90
116 - 138	100
139 - 153	110
154 - 180	125
181 - 238	150
239 - 308	175
309 - 398	200
399 - 650	250
651 - 1,200	300
1,201 - 2,700	350
2,701 or more	400

The results of the Random Survey **must be clearly shown on a map** that identifies each surveyed home with the low and moderate-income homes designated with a distinct color. Applicants performing income surveys are cautioned that incorrectly administered surveys or their resulting data regarding low and moderate-income percentage claims will be rejected. **Failure to include a properly marked map with the application will result in rejection and return of the application.**

Determining the beneficiaries and performing a survey for any activity under any project category is critical. ODOC/CD guidance regarding beneficiaries and surveys is well advised. Therefore,

all Applicants should take the time to discuss their project activities and surveys with ODOC/CD staff before performing their survey(s). Seasonal (or Part-time) residents (e.g., migrant farmers who reside in manufactured homes) may not participate in an income survey if their benefit of a service or an activity is incidental. For example, the use of a library or senior center by seasonal residents would be considered an incidental benefit. Season residents may participate in income surveys for CDBG funded activities such as installation of sewer lines and sewage treatment plants. This would also include water activities.

11. W-9 Form & Instructions ([Attachment G – Upload Form to OGX](#))

The W-9 form (Taxpayer Identification Number & Certification) is required to be filled out in full and uploaded as part of the application process.

12. Insurance Verification (As Applicable) ([Attachment H – Upload to OGX](#))

Applicants must certify that if the proposed project is funded by CDBG Community Revitalization dollars it will be properly insured for the life of the asset. Proper insurance for buildings includes property and liability insurance coverage. When the project includes vehicles, proper insurance will include liability, comprehensive and collision coverage.

13. SAM.gov Exclusion / Debarment Verification ([Attachment I – Upload to OGX](#))

SECTION THREE: THRESHOLD CRITERIA

Under this broad category, an Applicant may submit a project proposal for any eligible activity listed under Section 105(a) of the Federal Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended, and 24 CFR Part 570 as applicable, other than water or wastewater projects.

Applications received under this set-aside will be scored competitively against one another regardless of project type.

The maximum grant for the CDBG Community Revitalization application is **\$300,000**. The maximum amount of CDBG Community Revitalization funds that may be used for Activity Delivery Cost is eight percent (8%) of the total CDBG Revitalization funds **awarded for the total construction and professional/non-construction funds provided. Applications will be accepted through March 27, 2026, 5:00 p.m.** Applications received after this date will NOT be considered for funding. Additionally, CDBG Community Revitalization projects not meeting all threshold requirements will NOT be considered for funding.

Threshold Criteria for CDBG Community Revitalization Set-aside

1. CDBG Community Revitalization requests for funds must meet the principle CDBG National Objective of providing a direct benefit (fifty-one percent [51%] or more) to persons of low and moderate-income.
2. A proper sponsor for CDBG Community Revitalization projects is defined as a Unit of Local government with direct jurisdiction over the majority (60%) of the proposed project beneficiaries.
3. Applicants can apply for up to a \$300,000 grant maximum. Applicants may not apply for more than one (1) project activity per application under this CDBG Community Revitalization set-aside.
4. Proof that citizen participation requirements have been met, as evidenced by an application phase public hearing and written Citizen Participation Plan.
5. All cost estimates shall be obtained from professional sources and submitted with the application. These estimates must be signed, dated, and sealed/certified from professional engineers, architects, construction companies, vendors, or appropriate personnel with experience to make such estimates.
6. Cities, towns, and counties with previous CDBG funding must have ALL close-out documents submitted by January 30, 2026.

(a) City/Town and County (Direct Jurisdiction) Applicants: **City/Towns and Counties receiving a direct jurisdictional benefit may submit only one (1) grant application per CDBG Program Year** selecting from CDBG Water/Wastewater Engineering, CDBG Water/Wastewater Construction, CDBG Community Revitalization, or CDBG Rural Economic Action Plan (REAP). A City/Town and County (Direct Jurisdiction) cannot submit a CDBG application if it currently has an open CDBG grant. **Exclusions:** Economic Development Infrastructure Financing (EDIF), Capital Improvement Planning (CIP) and Disaster Recovery

(DR). Typical County direct jurisdiction CDBG application projects are roads, bridges, County hospital, etc.

(b) County Sponsored Applicants: Counties acting in a “sponsorship” capacity may submit a maximum of one sponsored CDBG grant application per CDBG Program Year selecting from Water/Wastewater Engineering, Water/Wastewater Construction, Community Revitalization, or Rural Economic Action Plan (REAP). **Limitation: Counties may ONLY have one (1) open sponsored CDBG grant and still make another sponsored CDBG application. Counties cannot exceed the maximum number of two open sponsored CDBG grants open at any given time.** **Exclusions:** Economic Development Infrastructure Financing (EDIF), Capital Improvement Planning (CIP) and Disaster Recovery (DR). Counties may sponsor applications where they do not have direct jurisdiction over certain public functions. Generally, these are communities with less than \$50,000 in revenue, Rural Water Districts, and Rural Fire Districts. Counties CANNOT submit a single application containing multiple Units of General Local Governments or jurisdictions such as Rural Fire Districts under a single county sponsored application.

7. The CDBG Community Revitalization grant request cannot exceed \$2,000 per beneficiary.
8. TOWNS AND CITIES (COUNTIES ARE EXEMPT) MUST SUBMIT A COPY OF THEIR AUDIT OR THE AGREED UPON PROCEDURES BY THE APPLICATION DEADLINE. ALL TOWNS AND CITIES THAT HAVE A JUNE 30, FISCAL YEAR END DATE ARE REQUIRED TO SUBMIT A COPY OF THEIR FY 2025 AUDIT AND TOWNS AND CITIES THAT HAVE A DECEMBER 31, FISCAL YEAR END DATE ARE REQUIRED, AS A MINIMUM, TO SUBMIT A COPY OF THEIR FY 2024 AUDIT. NO APPLICATION WILL BE CONSIDERED FOR REVIEW OR FUNDING THAT DOES NOT MEET THE REQUIREMENTS STATED ABOVE.

If a city or town receives less than \$50,000 in annual revenues from its normal business and does not have an audit or agreed upon procedures, the city or town cannot apply directly to ODOC/CD. The city or town can apply only by having the local County apply on their behalf, if the County chooses to do so. Nothing contained herein mandates a County to act as an accommodating party.

9. Applicants must certify that if the proposed project is funded by CDBG Community Revitalization dollars it will be properly insured for the life of the asset (as applicable). Proper insurance for buildings includes both property and liability insurance coverage. When the project includes vehicles, proper insurance will include liability, comprehensive and collision coverage.
10. Applicants are responsible for completing online application corrections/revisions along with any applicable application upload corrections/revisions as directed by ODOC/CD staff within the pre-determined deadline. In fairness to other applicants and to maintain HUD required CDBG funding expenditure rates; ODOC/CD can NOT indefinitely hold applications until the respective application corrections/revisions are accomplished. Applications will be considered INCOMPLETE if the prescribed corrections/revisions are not made to the application within the pre-determined deadline established by ODOC/CD. This will result in a **FAILED** threshold application rating.
11. The Application Guidelines associated with the CDBG Community Revitalization set-aside contain an APPLICATION FORMS CHECKLIST outlining all application-related documentation required to be uploaded into the online OGX application. It is the Applicant's

responsibility to follow this checklist and seek additional guidance from ODOC/CD staff as required. Applicants will be responsible for following and providing each item listed on the checklist. **Failure to provide any of the required application documentation listed on the checklist will result in a FAILED application rating.** Additionally, Applicants must provide a response to all application questions and satisfy all documentation requirements delineated in the CDBG Community Revitalization Application Guidelines and online OGX Application System including, but not limited to: Resolution, income survey results, resolution requesting assistance, survey maps, certifications, HUD Form 2880 Applicant Recipient Disclosure Update Report, project budget, etc.

12. The application must sufficiently demonstrate an applicant's need for the requested CDBG activity. For any requested CDBG project, there is an underlying "need" for such a project. It is the responsibility of the applicant to provide ODOC/CD documentation supporting the need for a project request. Failure to adequately demonstrate a project need will result in a FAILED threshold application rating. The project need is communicated in the "Project Description" section of the "CDBG Application Summary" page of the online OGX application. If required, additional narratives and supporting documentation can be uploaded in the "Uploads" page of the OGX application.

SECTION FOUR: APPLICATION RATING CRITERIA

Rating Criteria for Community Revitalization

Applications which meet threshold requirements will be ranked for funding utilizing the following criteria:

1. Project Benefit to Low and moderate-income Percentage (2 - 15 points)

LMI %	Points	# LMI Persons	Points
51 - 55	1	0 - 250	1
56 - 60	2	251 - 500	2
61 - 65	3	501 - 750	3
66 - 70	4	751 - 1,000	4
71 - 75	5	Over 1,000	5
76 - 80	6		
81 - 85	7		
86 - 90	8		
91 - 95	9		
96 - 100	10		

2. Grant Request Amount (0 - 10 points)

Grant Request Amount	Points
\$275,000 - \$300,000	10
\$250,000 - \$274,999	9
\$225,000 - \$249,999	8
\$200,000 - \$224,999	7
\$175,000 - \$199,999	6
\$150,000 - \$174,999	5
\$125,000 - \$149,999	4
\$100,000 - \$124,999	3
\$75,000 - \$99,999	2
\$50,000 - \$74,999	1
\$50,000 – or less	0

3. Leverage (0 - 15 points)

Projects will be rated on their ability to integrate the use of funds other than CDBG Community Revitalization to carry out the proposed CDBG Community Revitalization project. **Leverage will be valued using full value for cash leverage. A maximum of 15 points is available for leverage.**

To level the playing field faced by smaller communities, a variable will be applied to the previously used ratio (total leverage to grant request amount ratio); based on the population figures found in the Appendix 'D' of this guide. These figures are compiled by the U.S Census Bureau and provided by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and

are reported in conjunction with HUD's LMI qualification related documentation. Moreover, if the applicant is a county submitting on behalf of an unincorporated area, the maximum variable allowed (1.5) will automatically be applied.

Applicants with a population of 1,500 or less will receive a variable of one and a half (1.5). Those with a population of 1,501 to 3,500 will receive a variable of one and a quarter (1.25). Finally, applicants with a population of 3,501 and greater will receive a variable of one (1).

The leverage score will be calculated as follows:

Formula:

Cash Leverage \$ _____
CDBG Request Amount \$

Cash Leverage x 15 = Leverage Points
CDBG Request Amount

EXAMPLE A:

Cash Leverage \$ 50,000

CDBG Request Amount \$150,000

\$50,000
\$150,000 X 15 = 5 Points

Example B: Based on the point award in Example 'A' above, the applicant has a population of 2,750 people. $5 \times 1.25 = 6.25$ points awarded.

Example C: Based on the point award in Example 'A' above, the applicant has a population of 1,200 people. $5 \times 1.5 = 7.5$ points awarded.

4. Previous Grant Award (0 - 10 points)

An applicant will be awarded points based on the CALENDAR YEAR & MONTH of closeout of the last (CDBG REAP, CDBG Community Revitalization, CDBG Water/Wastewater Engineering, CDBG Water/Wastewater Construction) award and the current CDBG Community Revitalization application submission deadline. **Exclusions:** Economic Development Infrastructure Financing (EDIF) and Capital Improvement Planning (CIP). The applicant will receive points based on the following scale:

A. Less than one year after grant closeout –	0 Points
B. Greater than one year less than two years after grant closeout –	1 Point
C. Greater than two years less than three years after grant closeout –	2 Points
D. Greater than three years less than four years after grant closeout –	4 Points
E. Greater than four years less than five years after grant closeout –	6 Points
F. Greater than five years less than six years after grant closeout –	8 Points
G. More than six years after grant closeout –	10 Points

EXAMPLE A: If an applicant successfully closed out a CDBG application in January of 2023. If the applicant applies for a CDBG Community Revitalization application in March of 2026, the applicant will receive four (4) points on a 2026 CDBG Community Revitalization application.

EXAMPLE B: If an applicant successfully closed out a CDBG application in April of 2023. If the applicant applies for a CDBG Community Revitalization application in March of 2026, the applicant will receive two (2) points on a 2026 CDBG Community Revitalization application.

5. Corrective Action Point Reduction (As Applicable) (Minus 2 points)

Applications requiring minor corrections will receive a maximum two (2) point scoring reduction. These applications require ODOC/CD to formally initiate the application to a “changes required” status in OGX and the applicant is then required to formally “submit” the application once again through the OGX system. The point reduction is applicable if the application needs a correction that does NOT immediately warrant a FAILED threshold rating but has an identifiable minor requirement or procedure that was not followed and can be easily corrected. Example: required documentation is submitted unsigned; incorrect budget numbers; incorrect LMI numbers, etc. The corrective action timeframe is four (4) workdays. Corrections that remain incomplete will result in a FAILED threshold rating. NOTE: Applicants will NOT be penalized for ODOC/CD requests for clarifying information or documentation required beyond that specified in the CDBG Application Guidelines or CDBG Application Guidelines errors/omissions which result in needed corrections.

Under extenuating circumstances, ODOC/CD will carefully consider correction related extensions provided legitimate reasons can be given for such time extensions. ODOC/CD will make the final determination if an extension is warranted. Corrective action time extensions will NOT be automatic and request for time extensions will be carefully considered by ODOC/CD. It will be the responsibility of the prospective applicant to make ODOC/CD aware of any issues that may affect the ability to meet the four (4) working day corrective action deadline.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT (CDBG)

DIRECT PROJECT BENEFICIARY INCOME SURVEY FIELD SHEET

Activity / Project:

Town / City or Target Area: _____ County: _____

Name & Title of Surveyor: _____ Survey Date: _____

Page Totals: _____

APPENDIX B

LOW AND MODERATE INCOME LIMITS AND TABLE

The following definitions should be useful in the determination of a CDBG project's benefit to low and moderate income households.

Households - Household is defined as all persons who occupy a housing unit. The occupants may be a single-family, one person living alone, two (2) or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements.

Low and Moderate Income Household - Low and moderate income household is defined as a household having an income equal to or less than the current Section 8 lower income limits established by HUD (please refer to the attached HUD Section 8 income limits).

HUD LOW / MODERATE INCOME PERCENTAGES (COUNTY)

Source: HUD Exchange Website - <https://www.hudexchange.info/programs/acs-low-mod-summary-data/acs-low-mod-summary-data-local-government/>

COUNTY	LOWMOD	LOWMODUNIV	LOWMOD_PCT
Adair County, Oklahoma	11,205	22,045	50.80%
Alfalfa County, Oklahoma	1,700	4,695	36.20%
Atoka County, Oklahoma	5,575	12,520	44.50%
Beaver County, Oklahoma	1,680	5,255	32.00%
Beckham County, Oklahoma	8,385	19,280	43.50%
Blaine County, Oklahoma	2,970	8,090	36.70%
Bryan County, Oklahoma	19,910	46,390	42.90%
Caddo County, Oklahoma	11,750	27,665	42.50%
Canadian County, Oklahoma	44,715	142,385	31.40%
Carter County, Oklahoma	18,970	47,425	40.00%
Cherokee County, Oklahoma	20,175	46,985	42.90%
Choctaw County, Oklahoma	6,915	14,535	47.60%
Cimarron County, Oklahoma	940	2,145	43.80%
Cleveland County, Oklahoma	105,460	270,785	38.90%
Coal County, Oklahoma	2,645	5,515	48.00%
Comanche County, Oklahoma	42,445	112,055	37.90%
Cotton County, Oklahoma	2,345	5,655	41.50%
Craig County, Oklahoma	5,825	13,135	44.30%
Creek County, Oklahoma	32,210	70,685	45.60%
Custer County, Oklahoma	11,665	27,265	42.80%
Delaware County, Oklahoma	18,705	42,290	44.20%
Dewey County, Oklahoma	2,130	4,790	44.50%
Ellis County, Oklahoma	1,640	3,885	42.20%
Garfield County, Oklahoma	22,765	59,915	38.00%
Garvin County, Oklahoma	11,360	27,465	41.40%
Grady County, Oklahoma	20,065	54,605	36.70%
Grant County, Oklahoma	1,665	4,270	39.00%
Greer County, Oklahoma	1,700	4,755	35.80%
Harmon County, Oklahoma	995	2,580	38.60%
Harper County, Oklahoma	1,725	3,685	46.80%
Haskell County, Oklahoma	5,585	12,605	44.30%
Hughes County, Oklahoma	5,730	11,815	48.50%
Jackson County, Oklahoma	9,440	24,210	39.00%
Jefferson County, Oklahoma	2,680	5,935	45.20%
Johnston County, Oklahoma	4,425	10,735	41.20%
Kay County, Oklahoma	17,875	43,080	41.50%
Kingfisher County, Oklahoma	5,925	15,640	37.90%
Kiowa County, Oklahoma	3,995	8,615	46.40%
Latimer County, Oklahoma	4,330	9,870	43.90%
Le Flore County, Oklahoma	22,320	48,630	45.90%
Lincoln County, Oklahoma	12,915	34,565	37.40%

Logan County, Oklahoma	16,140	45,260	35.70%
Love County, Oklahoma	4,145	10,025	41.30%
McClain County, Oklahoma	12,920	39,625	32.60%
McCurtain County, Oklahoma	15,805	32,495	48.60%
McIntosh County, Oklahoma	9,500	19,365	49.10%
Major County, Oklahoma	2,760	7,555	36.50%
Marshall County, Oklahoma	6,720	16,510	40.70%
Mayes County, Oklahoma	16,615	40,555	41.00%
Murray County, Oklahoma	5,020	13,580	37.00%
Muskogee County, Oklahoma	28,690	64,670	44.40%
Noble County, Oklahoma	4,035	11,005	36.70%
Nowata County, Oklahoma	4,260	10,060	42.30%
Okfuskee County, Oklahoma	5,255	10,610	49.50%
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	369,195	777,065	47.50%
Omulgee County, Oklahoma	16,150	37,085	43.50%
Osage County, Oklahoma	21,470	45,630	47.10%
Ottawa County, Oklahoma	14,500	30,165	48.10%
Pawnee County, Oklahoma	6,030	16,190	37.20%
Payne County, Oklahoma	33,845	73,755	45.90%
Pittsburg County, Oklahoma	17,010	41,675	40.80%
Pontotoc County, Oklahoma	14,315	36,885	38.80%
Pottawatomie County, Oklahoma	29,410	69,410	42.40%
Pushmataha County, Oklahoma	5,035	10,955	46.00%
Roger Mills County, Oklahoma	1,535	3,620	42.40%
Rogers County, Oklahoma	31,025	90,755	34.20%
Seminole County, Oklahoma	11,985	23,970	50.00%
Sequoyah County, Oklahoma	18,210	41,290	44.10%
Stephens County, Oklahoma	17,145	42,835	40.00%
Texas County, Oklahoma	8,520	20,160	42.30%
Tillman County, Oklahoma	3,340	6,985	47.80%
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	275,575	642,090	42.90%
Wagoner County, Oklahoma	29,015	80,030	36.30%
Washington County, Oklahoma	20,315	51,215	39.70%
Washita County, Oklahoma	3,750	10,760	34.90%
Woods County, Oklahoma	3,685	8,070	45.70%
Woodward County, Oklahoma	8,230	19,270	42.70%

HUD LOW / MODERATE INCOME PERCENTAGES (TOWN / CITY)

Source: HUD Exchange Website - <https://www.hudexchange.info/programs/acs-low-mod-summary-data/acs-low-mod-summary-data-local-government/>

TOWN/CITY	LOWMOD	LOWMODUNIV	LOWMOD_PCT
Achille town, Oklahoma	155	375	41.30%
Ada city, Oklahoma	7,585	16,005	47.40%
Adair town, Oklahoma	170	670	25.40%
Adams CDP, Oklahoma	90	305	29.50%
Adamson CDP, Oklahoma	0	0	0.00%
Addington town, Oklahoma	30	95	31.60%
Afton town, Oklahoma	515	905	56.90%
Agra town, Oklahoma	195	320	60.90%
Akins CDP, Oklahoma	380	880	43.20%
Albany CDP, Oklahoma	45	45	100.00%
Albion town, Oklahoma	40	85	47.10%
Alderson town, Oklahoma	70	175	40.00%
Alex town, Oklahoma	330	720	45.80%
Aline town, Oklahoma	110	150	73.30%
Allen town, Oklahoma	545	1,000	54.50%
Altus city, Oklahoma	7,620	17,935	42.50%
Alva city, Oklahoma	2,325	4,675	49.70%
Amber town, Oklahoma	235	415	56.60%
Ames town, Oklahoma	85	255	33.30%
Amorita town, Oklahoma	15	30	50.00%
Anadarko city, Oklahoma	3,565	6,395	55.70%
Antlers city, Oklahoma	1,370	2,285	60.00%
Apache town, Oklahoma	600	1,315	45.60%
Arapaho town, Oklahoma	525	865	60.70%
Arcadia town, Oklahoma	70	135	51.90%
Ardmore city, Oklahoma	10,480	23,965	43.70%
Arkoma town, Oklahoma	1,160	1,800	64.40%
Armstrong town, Oklahoma	30	120	25.00%
Arnett town, Oklahoma	335	610	54.90%
Arpelar CDP, Oklahoma	120	230	52.20%
Asher town, Oklahoma	230	690	33.30%
Ashland town, Oklahoma	20	40	50.00%
Atoka city, Oklahoma	1,690	2,845	59.40%
Atwood town, Oklahoma	50	95	52.60%
Avant town, Oklahoma	205	290	70.70%
Avard CDP, Oklahoma	0	40	0.00%
Bache CDP, Oklahoma	30	85	35.30%
Badger Lee CDP, Oklahoma	20	45	44.40%
Baker CDP, Oklahoma	45	130	34.60%

Ballou CDP, Oklahoma	40	270	14.80%
Barber CDP, Oklahoma	90	355	25.40%
Barnsdall city, Oklahoma	460	1,030	44.70%
Baron CDP, Oklahoma	40	230	17.40%
Bartlesville city, Oklahoma	14,670	35,840	40.90%
Bearden town, Oklahoma	45	140	32.10%
Beaver town, Oklahoma	550	1,320	41.70%
Bee CDP, Oklahoma	135	185	73.00%
Beggs city, Oklahoma	640	1,275	50.20%
Belfonte CDP, Oklahoma	295	400	73.80%
Bell CDP, Oklahoma	245	390	62.80%
Bennington town, Oklahoma	155	245	63.30%
Bentley CDP, Oklahoma	55	90	61.10%
Bernice town, Oklahoma	205	395	51.90%
Bessie town, Oklahoma	150	255	58.80%
Bethany city, Oklahoma	9,635	18,630	51.70%
Bethel Acres town, Oklahoma	1,090	3,125	34.90%
Big Cabin town, Oklahoma	90	180	50.00%
Billings town, Oklahoma	150	245	61.20%
Binger town, Oklahoma	270	585	46.20%
Bison CDP, Oklahoma	20	30	66.70%
Bixby city, Oklahoma	6,475	27,275	23.70%
Blackburn town, Oklahoma	35	90	38.90%
Blackgum CDP, Oklahoma	10	85	11.80%
Blackwell city, Oklahoma	3,365	6,575	51.20%
Blair town, Oklahoma	305	660	46.20%
Blanchard city, Oklahoma	2,305	8,320	27.70%
Blanco CDP, Oklahoma	50	70	71.40%
Blue CDP, Oklahoma	120	225	53.30%
Bluejacket town, Oklahoma	120	205	58.50%
Boise City city, Oklahoma	530	1,045	50.70%
Bokchito town, Oklahoma	290	540	53.70%
Bokoshe town, Oklahoma	320	475	67.40%
Boley town, Oklahoma	80	205	39.00%
Boswell town, Oklahoma	645	865	74.60%
Bowlegs town, Oklahoma	180	405	44.40%
Bowring CDP, Oklahoma	40	70	57.10%
Box CDP, Oklahoma	90	185	48.60%
Boynton town, Oklahoma	100	150	66.70%
Bradley town, Oklahoma	115	155	74.20%
Braggs town, Oklahoma	80	210	38.10%
Braman town, Oklahoma	75	170	44.10%
Bray town, Oklahoma	340	1,055	32.20%
Breckenridge town, Oklahoma	35	215	16.30%
Brent CDP, Oklahoma	305	700	43.60%
Briartown CDP, Oklahoma	55	150	36.70%

Bridge Creek town, Oklahoma	100	400	25.00%
Bridgeport city, Oklahoma	30	100	30.00%
Briggs CDP, Oklahoma	435	1,000	43.50%
Bristow city, Oklahoma	2,930	4,140	70.80%
Broken Arrow city, Oklahoma	32,900	108,360	30.40%
Broken Bow city, Oklahoma	2,235	3,970	56.30%
Bromide town, Oklahoma	45	145	31.00%
Brooksville town, Oklahoma	25	50	50.00%
Brush Creek CDP, Oklahoma	0	0	0.00%
Brushy CDP, Oklahoma	335	1,000	33.50%
Bryant CDP, Oklahoma	40	50	80.00%
Buffalo town, Oklahoma	755	1,270	59.40%
Bug Tussle CDP, Oklahoma	30	35	85.70%
Bull Hollow CDP, Oklahoma	10	125	8.00%
Bunch CDP, Oklahoma	35	50	70.00%
Burbank town, Oklahoma	65	110	59.10%
Burlington town, Oklahoma	70	170	41.20%
Burneyville CDP, Oklahoma	125	745	16.80%
Burns Flat town, Oklahoma	980	1,975	49.60%
Bushyhead CDP, Oklahoma	655	1,230	53.30%
Butler town, Oklahoma	135	245	55.10%
Butler CDP, Oklahoma	160	270	59.30%
Byars town, Oklahoma	220	265	83.00%
Byng town, Oklahoma	415	1,205	34.40%
Byron town, Oklahoma	4	25	16.00%
Cache city, Oklahoma	885	2,845	31.10%
Caddo town, Oklahoma	420	1,130	37.20%
Calera town, Oklahoma	1,540	3,050	50.50%
Calumet town, Oklahoma	340	530	64.20%
Calvin town, Oklahoma	145	355	40.80%
Camargo town, Oklahoma	85	165	51.50%
Cameron town, Oklahoma	215	330	65.20%
Canadian town, Oklahoma	95	195	48.70%
Canadian Shores CDP, Oklahoma	160	305	52.50%
Caney town, Oklahoma	135	200	67.50%
Caney CDP, Oklahoma	55	305	18.00%
Caney Ridge CDP, Oklahoma	20	45	44.40%
Canton town, Oklahoma	190	465	40.90%
Canute town, Oklahoma	190	505	37.60%
Capron town, Oklahoma	0	0	0.00%
Carlisle CDP, Oklahoma	265	755	35.10%
Carlton Landing town, Oklahoma	0	4	0.00%
Carmen town, Oklahoma	215	365	58.90%
Carnegie town, Oklahoma	1,045	1,765	59.20%
Carney town, Oklahoma	260	555	46.80%
Carrier town, Oklahoma	10	45	22.20%

Carter town, Oklahoma	80	195	41.00%
Cartwright CDP, Oklahoma	165	485	34.00%
Cashion town, Oklahoma	315	1,285	24.50%
Castle town, Oklahoma	120	225	53.30%
Catoosa city, Oklahoma	3,525	7,860	44.80%
Cave Spring CDP, Oklahoma	15	80	18.80%
Cayuga CDP, Oklahoma	55	150	36.70%
Cedar Crest CDP, Oklahoma	95	140	67.90%
Cedar Lake CDP, Oklahoma	230	410	56.10%
Cedar Valley city, Oklahoma	60	470	12.80%
Cement town, Oklahoma	250	440	56.80%
Centrahoma city, Oklahoma	45	60	75.00%
Central High town, Oklahoma	610	1,505	40.50%
Chance CDP, Oklahoma	120	245	49.00%
Chandler city, Oklahoma	1,425	3,130	45.50%
Chattanooga town, Oklahoma	200	460	43.50%
Checotah city, Oklahoma	1,825	3,040	60.00%
Chelsea town, Oklahoma	1,470	2,160	68.10%
Cherokee city, Oklahoma	690	1,555	44.40%
Cherry Tree CDP, Oklahoma	600	1,060	56.60%
Chester CDP, Oklahoma	35	100	35.00%
Chewey CDP, Oklahoma	145	395	36.70%
Cheyenne town, Oklahoma	410	795	51.60%
Chickasha city, Oklahoma	7,820	15,720	49.70%
Choctaw city, Oklahoma	2,955	12,465	23.70%
Chouteau town, Oklahoma	855	2,100	40.70%
Christie CDP, Oklahoma	50	155	32.30%
Cimarron City town, Oklahoma	55	190	28.90%
Claremore city, Oklahoma	9,375	17,795	52.70%
Clarita CDP, Oklahoma	135	145	93.10%
Clarksville CDP, Oklahoma	0	0	0.00%
Clayton town, Oklahoma	355	615	57.70%
Clearview town, Oklahoma	20	25	80.00%
Cleora CDP, Oklahoma	605	1,615	37.50%
Cleo Springs town, Oklahoma	245	415	59.00%
Cleveland city, Oklahoma	1,345	3,045	44.20%
Clinton city, Oklahoma	3,590	8,800	40.80%
Cloud Creek CDP, Oklahoma	90	380	23.70%
Coalgate city, Oklahoma	1,175	2,035	57.70%
Colbert town, Oklahoma	525	1,185	44.30%
Colcord town, Oklahoma	565	870	64.90%
Cole town, Oklahoma	255	765	33.30%
Coleman CDP, Oklahoma	120	325	36.90%
Collinsville city, Oklahoma	2,295	7,075	32.40%
Colony town, Oklahoma	60	100	60.00%
Comanche city, Oklahoma	850	1,895	44.90%

Commerce city, Oklahoma	1,430	2,295	62.30%
Connerville CDP, Oklahoma	45	145	31.00%
Cookson CDP, Oklahoma	220	990	22.20%
Cooperton town, Oklahoma	4	4	100.00%
Copan town, Oklahoma	565	970	58.20%
Copeland CDP, Oklahoma	760	1,725	44.10%
Corn town, Oklahoma	160	525	30.50%
Cornish town, Oklahoma	45	155	29.00%
Cottonwood CDP, Oklahoma	75	140	53.60%
Council Hill town, Oklahoma	45	95	47.40%
Covington town, Oklahoma	190	475	40.00%
Coweta city, Oklahoma	4,470	9,745	45.90%
Cowlington town, Oklahoma	45	70	64.30%
Coyle town, Oklahoma	390	610	63.90%
Crescent city, Oklahoma	720	1,330	54.10%
Crescent Springs CDP, Oklahoma	115	340	33.80%
Cromwell town, Oklahoma	200	305	65.60%
Crowder town, Oklahoma	170	400	42.50%
Cumberland CDP, Oklahoma	240	870	27.60%
Cushing city, Oklahoma	3,370	6,695	50.30%
Custer City town, Oklahoma	205	385	53.20%
Cyril town, Oklahoma	365	930	39.20%
Dacoma town, Oklahoma	30	90	33.30%
Dale CDP, Oklahoma	105	350	30.00%
Davenport town, Oklahoma	380	705	53.90%
Davidson town, Oklahoma	155	290	53.40%
Davis city, Oklahoma	1,360	2,790	48.70%
Deer Creek town, Oklahoma	85	165	51.50%
Deer Lick CDP, Oklahoma	65	95	68.40%
Delaware town, Oklahoma	205	390	52.60%
Del City city, Oklahoma	12,260	21,660	56.60%
Dennis CDP, Oklahoma	10	90	11.10%
Depew town, Oklahoma	265	440	60.20%
Devol town, Oklahoma	30	105	28.60%
Dewar town, Oklahoma	330	800	41.30%
Dewey city, Oklahoma	1,790	3,320	53.90%
Dibble town, Oklahoma	370	900	41.10%
Dickson town, Oklahoma	480	1,440	33.30%
Dill City town, Oklahoma	160	325	49.20%
Disney town, Oklahoma	105	195	53.80%
Dixon CDP, Oklahoma	155	225	68.90%
Dodge CDP, Oklahoma	0	40	0.00%
Dotyville CDP, Oklahoma	10	105	9.50%
Dougherty town, Oklahoma	115	225	51.10%
Douglas town, Oklahoma	10	105	9.50%
Dover town, Oklahoma	200	375	53.30%

Dripping Springs CDP, Oklahoma	40	55	72.70%
Drowning Creek CDP, Oklahoma	115	165	69.70%
Drummond town, Oklahoma	120	430	27.90%
Drumright city, Oklahoma	1,660	2,795	59.40%
Dry Creek CDP, Oklahoma	105	155	67.70%
Duchess Landing CDP, Oklahoma	0	0	0.00%
Duncan city, Oklahoma	9,400	22,080	42.60%
Durant city, Oklahoma	9,325	17,660	52.80%
Durham CDP, Oklahoma	0	10	0.00%
Dustin town, Oklahoma	475	550	86.40%
Dwight Mission CDP, Oklahoma	15	95	15.80%
Eagle City CDP, Oklahoma	0	0	0.00%
Eagletown CDP, Oklahoma	240	505	47.50%
Eakly town, Oklahoma	225	425	52.90%
Earl CDP, Oklahoma	40	110	36.40%
Earlsboro town, Oklahoma	165	400	41.30%
East Duke town, Oklahoma	80	390	20.50%
Edgewater Park CDP, Oklahoma	0	190	0.00%
Edmond city, Oklahoma	28,040	91,665	30.60%
Eldon CDP, Oklahoma	35	150	23.30%
Eldorado town, Oklahoma	275	475	57.90%
Elgin city, Oklahoma	705	3,135	22.50%
Elk City city, Oklahoma	5,500	11,320	48.60%
Elmer town, Oklahoma	30	90	33.30%
Elm Grove CDP, Oklahoma	180	340	52.90%
Elmore City town, Oklahoma	545	935	58.30%
Elohim City CDP, Oklahoma	15	35	42.90%
El Reno city, Oklahoma	9,585	18,110	52.90%
Emet CDP, Oklahoma	20	50	40.00%
Empire City town, Oklahoma	235	830	28.30%
Enid city, Oklahoma	19,810	48,480	40.90%
Enterprise CDP, Oklahoma	20	115	17.40%
Erick city, Oklahoma	495	750	66.00%
Erin Springs town, Oklahoma	25	115	21.70%
Etowah town, Oklahoma	60	125	48.00%
Etta CDP, Oklahoma	115	175	65.70%
Eufaula city, Oklahoma	1,345	2,620	51.30%
Evening Shade CDP, Oklahoma	170	330	51.50%
Fairfax town, Oklahoma	775	1,255	61.80%
Fairfield CDP, Oklahoma	290	715	40.60%
Fairland town, Oklahoma	665	1,155	57.60%
Fairmont town, Oklahoma	35	170	20.60%
Fair Oaks town, Oklahoma	25	90	27.80%
Fairview city, Oklahoma	1,010	2,500	40.40%
Fallis town, Oklahoma	15	20	75.00%
Fanshawe town, Oklahoma	215	445	48.30%

Fargo town, Oklahoma	115	315	36.50%
Faxon town, Oklahoma	25	65	38.50%
Fay CDP, Oklahoma	15	60	25.00%
Felt CDP, Oklahoma	60	105	57.10%
Finley CDP, Oklahoma	0	0	0.00%
Fittstown CDP, Oklahoma	15	80	18.80%
Fitzhugh town, Oklahoma	160	320	50.00%
Fletcher town, Oklahoma	390	985	39.60%
Flint Creek CDP, Oklahoma	360	735	49.00%
Flute Springs CDP, Oklahoma	70	130	53.80%
Foraker town, Oklahoma	4	30	13.30%
Forest Park town, Oklahoma	285	980	29.10%
Forgan town, Oklahoma	220	515	42.70%
Fort Cobb town, Oklahoma	250	630	39.70%
Fort Coffee town, Oklahoma	260	475	54.70%
Fort Gibson town, Oklahoma	1,545	3,915	39.50%
Fort Supply town, Oklahoma	190	370	51.40%
Fort Towson town, Oklahoma	200	550	36.40%
Foss town, Oklahoma	65	165	39.40%
Foster town, Oklahoma	95	310	30.60%
Fox CDP, Oklahoma	25	65	38.50%
Foyil town, Oklahoma	270	440	61.40%
Francis town, Oklahoma	135	325	41.50%
Frederick city, Oklahoma	1,875	3,505	53.50%
Freedom town, Oklahoma	165	345	47.80%
Friendship town, Oklahoma	10	35	28.60%
Gage town, Oklahoma	210	395	53.20%
Gans town, Oklahoma	150	350	42.90%
Garber city, Oklahoma	230	705	32.60%
Garvin town, Oklahoma	110	205	53.70%
Gate town, Oklahoma	10	45	22.20%
Geary city, Oklahoma	480	870	55.20%
Gene Autry town, Oklahoma	100	220	45.50%
Geronimo town, Oklahoma	415	1,190	34.90%
Gerty town, Oklahoma	25	45	55.60%
Gideon CDP, Oklahoma	155	350	44.30%
Glencoe town, Oklahoma	220	495	44.40%
Glenpool city, Oklahoma	4,410	13,765	32.00%
Golden CDP, Oklahoma	35	55	63.60%
Goldsby town, Oklahoma	625	2,360	26.50%
Goltry town, Oklahoma	85	295	28.80%
Goodwell town, Oklahoma	365	795	45.90%
Gore town, Oklahoma	330	1,160	28.40%
Gotebo town, Oklahoma	35	240	14.60%
Gould town, Oklahoma	85	110	77.30%
Gowen CDP, Oklahoma	135	395	34.20%

Gracemont town, Oklahoma	160	265	60.40%
Grainola town, Oklahoma	15	20	75.00%
Grandfield city, Oklahoma	540	1,015	53.20%
Grand Lake Towne town, Oklahoma	65	205	31.70%
Grandview CDP, Oklahoma	445	1,235	36.00%
Granite town, Oklahoma	255	840	30.40%
Grant CDP, Oklahoma	130	305	42.60%
Grayson town, Oklahoma	100	180	55.60%
Greasy CDP, Oklahoma	110	260	42.30%
Greenfield town, Oklahoma	95	175	54.30%
Greenville CDP, Oklahoma	60	140	42.90%
Gregory CDP, Oklahoma	75	150	50.00%
Grove city, Oklahoma	3,030	6,910	43.80%
Guthrie city, Oklahoma	5,080	10,295	49.30%
Guymon city, Oklahoma	5,130	11,225	45.70%
Haileyville city, Oklahoma	370	670	55.20%
Hallett town, Oklahoma	35	80	43.80%
Hammon town, Oklahoma	215	500	43.00%
Hanna town, Oklahoma	100	125	80.00%
Hanson CDP, Oklahoma	55	170	32.40%
Hardesty town, Oklahoma	85	330	25.80%
Harrah city, Oklahoma	2,920	6,410	45.60%
Hartshorne city, Oklahoma	915	1,780	51.40%
Haskell town, Oklahoma	940	2,020	46.50%
Hastings town, Oklahoma	30	100	30.00%
Haworth town, Oklahoma	235	340	69.10%
Haywood CDP, Oklahoma	65	195	33.30%
Headrick town, Oklahoma	30	70	42.90%
Healdton city, Oklahoma	1,590	2,690	59.10%
Heavener city, Oklahoma	1,930	3,230	59.80%
Helena town, Oklahoma	210	435	48.30%
Hendrix town, Oklahoma	55	80	68.80%
Hennepin CDP, Oklahoma	25	115	21.70%
Hennessey town, Oklahoma	1,205	2,965	40.60%
Henryetta city, Oklahoma	3,075	5,400	56.90%
Hickory town, Oklahoma	65	195	33.30%
Hillsdale town, Oklahoma	4	70	5.70%
Hinton town, Oklahoma	570	2,070	27.50%
Hitchcock town, Oklahoma	25	55	45.50%
Hitchita town, Oklahoma	30	60	50.00%
Hobart city, Oklahoma	2,060	3,345	61.60%
Hochatown CDP, Oklahoma	25	230	10.90%
Hodgen CDP, Oklahoma	50	55	90.90%
Hoffman town, Oklahoma	65	105	61.90%
Holdenville city, Oklahoma	2,320	4,320	53.70%
Hollis city, Oklahoma	795	1,585	50.20%

Hollister town, Oklahoma	35	50	70.00%
Homestead CDP, Oklahoma	10	25	40.00%
Hominy city, Oklahoma	1,525	2,340	65.20%
Honey Hill CDP, Oklahoma	75	170	44.10%
Hooker city, Oklahoma	610	1,495	40.80%
Hoot Owl town, Oklahoma	0	0	0.00%
Hopeton CDP, Oklahoma	40	40	100.00%
Horntown town, Oklahoma	55	135	40.70%
Hough CDP, Oklahoma	4	10	40.00%
Howe town, Oklahoma	345	755	45.70%
Hoyt CDP, Oklahoma	40	85	47.10%
Hugo city, Oklahoma	2,900	4,925	58.90%
Hulbert town, Oklahoma	245	550	44.50%
Hunter town, Oklahoma	65	140	46.40%
Hydro town, Oklahoma	495	1,130	43.80%
Idabel city, Oklahoma	4,060	6,625	61.30%
Indiana town, Oklahoma	70	285	24.60%
Indianola CDP, Oklahoma	0	0	0.00%
Indianola town, Oklahoma	90	155	58.10%
Ingalls CDP, Oklahoma	10	140	7.10%
Inola town, Oklahoma	1,155	2,015	57.30%
Iron Post CDP, Oklahoma	40	140	28.60%
Isabella CDP, Oklahoma	15	90	16.70%
IXL town, Oklahoma	15	45	33.30%
Jay city, Oklahoma	1,425	2,450	58.20%
Jefferson town, Oklahoma	10	10	100.00%
Jenks city, Oklahoma	5,285	22,890	23.10%
Jennings town, Oklahoma	195	355	54.90%
Jet town, Oklahoma	45	265	17.00%
Johnson town, Oklahoma	330	775	42.60%
Johnson Prairie CDP, Oklahoma	90	130	69.20%
Jones town, Oklahoma	1,270	3,030	41.90%
Justice CDP, Oklahoma	340	1,580	21.50%
Kansas town, Oklahoma	505	1,110	45.50%
Katie town, Oklahoma	200	430	46.50%
Kaw City city, Oklahoma	115	280	41.10%
Keefton CDP, Oklahoma	195	685	28.50%
Kellyville town, Oklahoma	625	1,180	53.00%
Kemp town, Oklahoma	110	245	44.90%
Kendrick town, Oklahoma	45	85	52.90%
Kenefic town, Oklahoma	50	130	38.50%
Kenton CDP, Oklahoma	0	0	0.00%
Kenwood CDP, Oklahoma	420	1,015	41.40%
Keota town, Oklahoma	340	560	60.70%
Ketchum town, Oklahoma	215	450	47.80%
Keyes town, Oklahoma	130	235	55.30%

Keys CDP, Oklahoma	435	855	50.90%
Kiefer town, Oklahoma	895	2,510	35.70%
Kildare town, Oklahoma	15	75	20.00%
Kingfisher city, Oklahoma	2,445	4,745	51.50%
Kingston town, Oklahoma	690	1,760	39.20%
Kinta town, Oklahoma	185	335	55.20%
Kiowa town, Oklahoma	360	680	52.90%
Knowles town, Oklahoma	15	20	75.00%
Konawa city, Oklahoma	680	1,115	61.00%
Krebs city, Oklahoma	1,030	2,145	48.00%
Kremlin town, Oklahoma	50	295	16.90%
Lahoma town, Oklahoma	165	490	33.70%
Lake Aluma town, Oklahoma	4	60	6.70%
Lake Ellsworth Addition CDP, Oklahoma	60	110	54.50%
Lakeside Village CDP, Oklahoma	45	130	34.60%
Lamar town, Oklahoma	90	160	56.30%
Lambert town, Oklahoma	4	10	40.00%
Lamont town, Oklahoma	45	300	15.00%
Lane CDP, Oklahoma	55	215	25.60%
Langley town, Oklahoma	305	595	51.30%
Langston town, Oklahoma	250	380	65.80%
Latta CDP, Oklahoma	415	1,020	40.70%
Laverne town, Oklahoma	600	1,425	42.10%
Lawrence Creek town, Oklahoma	80	135	59.30%
Lawton city, Oklahoma	36,490	84,320	43.30%
Lawtonka Acres CDP, Oklahoma	25	115	21.70%
Leach CDP, Oklahoma	125	275	45.50%
Lebanon CDP, Oklahoma	70	255	27.50%
Leedey town, Oklahoma	255	605	42.10%
Le Flore town, Oklahoma	85	145	58.60%
Lehigh city, Oklahoma	100	250	40.00%
Lenapah town, Oklahoma	190	355	53.50%
Leon town, Oklahoma	50	90	55.60%
Leonard CDP, Oklahoma	130	190	68.40%
Lequire CDP, Oklahoma	75	135	55.60%
Lexington city, Oklahoma	1,385	2,125	65.20%
Liberty CDP, Oklahoma	20	180	11.10%
Liberty town, Oklahoma	45	155	29.00%
Lima town, Oklahoma	20	60	33.30%
Limestone CDP, Oklahoma	110	620	17.70%
Lindsay city, Oklahoma	1,215	2,740	44.30%
Little City CDP, Oklahoma	30	105	28.60%
Little Ponderosa CDP, Oklahoma	70	320	21.90%
Little Rock CDP, Oklahoma	130	200	65.00%
Loco town, Oklahoma	35	85	41.20%
Locust Grove town, Oklahoma	840	1,540	54.50%

Lone Grove city, Oklahoma	1,755	5,090	34.50%
Lone Wolf town, Oklahoma	150	420	35.70%
Long CDP, Oklahoma	145	330	43.90%
Longdale town, Oklahoma	135	215	62.80%
Longtown CDP, Oklahoma	1,210	3,045	39.70%
Lookeba town, Oklahoma	60	125	48.00%
Lost City CDP, Oklahoma	335	800	41.90%
Lotsee town, Oklahoma	0	4	0.00%
Loveland town, Oklahoma	4	4	100.00%
Lovell CDP, Oklahoma	10	30	33.30%
Lowrey CDP, Oklahoma	170	410	41.50%
Loyal town, Oklahoma	45	105	42.90%
Lucien CDP, Oklahoma	15	90	16.70%
Luther town, Oklahoma	760	1,555	48.90%
Lyons Switch CDP, Oklahoma	190	610	31.10%
McAlester city, Oklahoma	7,285	16,095	45.30%
McBride CDP, Oklahoma	50	125	40.00%
McCord CDP, Oklahoma	615	1,580	38.90%
McCurtain town, Oklahoma	375	500	75.00%
McLoud city, Oklahoma	975	2,835	34.40%
Macomb town, Oklahoma	20	25	80.00%
Madill city, Oklahoma	1,890	3,850	49.10%
Mallard Bay CDP, Oklahoma	115	245	46.90%
Manchester town, Oklahoma	25	85	29.40%
Mangum city, Oklahoma	1,250	2,620	47.70%
Manitou town, Oklahoma	35	120	29.20%
Mannford town, Oklahoma	1,590	3,120	51.00%
Mannsville town, Oklahoma	495	1,015	48.80%
Maramec town, Oklahoma	40	110	36.40%
Marble City town, Oklahoma	90	195	46.20%
Marietta CDP, Oklahoma	10	105	9.50%
Marietta city, Oklahoma	1,570	2,655	59.10%
Marland town, Oklahoma	210	305	68.90%
Marlow city, Oklahoma	1,845	4,335	42.60%
Marshall town, Oklahoma	60	275	21.80%
Martha town, Oklahoma	60	130	46.20%
Maud city, Oklahoma	440	1,020	43.10%
May town, Oklahoma	50	50	100.00%
Maysville town, Oklahoma	710	1,485	47.80%
Mazie CDP, Oklahoma	0	85	0.00%
Mead town, Oklahoma	130	345	37.70%
Medford city, Oklahoma	415	920	45.10%
Medicine Park town, Oklahoma	60	315	19.00%
Meeker town, Oklahoma	515	1,110	46.40%
Mehan CDP, Oklahoma	0	75	0.00%
Meno town, Oklahoma	45	155	29.00%

Meridian town, Oklahoma	10	15	66.70%
Miami city, Oklahoma	6,535	12,245	53.40%
Middleberg CDP, Oklahoma	10	150	6.70%
Midwest City city, Oklahoma	29,595	57,055	51.90%
Milburn town, Oklahoma	100	270	37.00%
Milfay CDP, Oklahoma	80	130	61.50%
Mill Creek town, Oklahoma	135	305	44.30%
Millerton town, Oklahoma	140	285	49.10%
Minco city, Oklahoma	740	1,725	42.90%
Moffett town, Oklahoma	70	90	77.80%
Monroe CDP, Oklahoma	70	170	41.20%
Moodys CDP, Oklahoma	210	1,015	20.70%
Moore city, Oklahoma	22,960	61,295	37.50%
Mooreland town, Oklahoma	505	1,145	44.10%
Morris city, Oklahoma	635	1,740	36.50%
Morrison town, Oklahoma	310	695	44.60%
Mounds town, Oklahoma	535	1,015	52.70%
Mountain Park town, Oklahoma	310	555	55.90%
Mountain View town, Oklahoma	280	670	41.80%
Moyers CDP, Oklahoma	35	70	50.00%
Mulberry CDP, Oklahoma	75	100	75.00%
Muldrow town, Oklahoma	1,155	3,280	35.20%
Mulhall town, Oklahoma	80	240	33.30%
Murphy CDP, Oklahoma	60	115	52.20%
Muskogee city, Oklahoma	18,105	35,940	50.40%
Mustang city, Oklahoma	5,660	22,135	25.60%
Mutual town, Oklahoma	4	35	11.40%
Narcissa CDP, Oklahoma	30	135	22.20%
Nardin CDP, Oklahoma	0	0	0.00%
Nash town, Oklahoma	50	210	23.80%
Nashoba CDP, Oklahoma	35	45	77.80%
Nelagoney CDP, Oklahoma	20	20	100.00%
Nescatunga CDP, Oklahoma	40	70	57.10%
New Alluwe town, Oklahoma	30	60	50.00%
Newcastle city, Oklahoma	2,110	10,425	20.20%
New Cordell city, Oklahoma	820	2,580	31.80%
New Eucha CDP, Oklahoma	95	400	23.80%
Newkirk city, Oklahoma	825	1,905	43.30%
New Woodville town, Oklahoma	10	50	20.00%
Nichols Hills city, Oklahoma	560	3,910	14.30%
Nicoma Park city, Oklahoma	1,010	2,550	39.60%
Nicut CDP, Oklahoma	180	310	58.10%
Ninnekah town, Oklahoma	330	1,150	28.70%
Noble city, Oklahoma	1,740	6,930	25.10%
Norge town, Oklahoma	90	180	50.00%
Norman city, Oklahoma	52,340	116,265	45.00%

North Enid town, Oklahoma	425	1,155	36.80%
North Miami town, Oklahoma	160	290	55.20%
Norwood CDP, Oklahoma	605	1,760	34.40%
Notchietown CDP, Oklahoma	50	145	34.50%
Nowata city, Oklahoma	1,940	3,490	55.60%
Oak Grove town, Oklahoma	0	0	0.00%
Oak Hill-Piney CDP, Oklahoma	130	130	100.00%
Oakhurst CDP, Oklahoma	1,115	2,435	45.80%
Oakland town, Oklahoma	475	1,030	46.10%
Oaks town, Oklahoma	135	225	60.00%
Oakwood town, Oklahoma	20	65	30.80%
Ochelata town, Oklahoma	210	575	36.50%
Oilton city, Oklahoma	545	800	68.10%
Okarche town, Oklahoma	455	1,205	37.80%
Okay town, Oklahoma	300	495	60.60%
Okeene town, Oklahoma	510	955	53.40%
Okemah city, Oklahoma	1,670	3,090	54.00%
Oklahoma City city, Oklahoma	298,390	636,560	46.90%
Okmulgee city, Oklahoma	6,235	10,600	58.80%
Oktaha town, Oklahoma	130	290	44.80%
Old Eucha CDP, Oklahoma	15	30	50.00%
Old Green CDP, Oklahoma	205	525	39.00%
Olive CDP, Oklahoma	60	115	52.20%
Olustee town, Oklahoma	340	720	47.20%
Oologah town, Oklahoma	730	1,780	41.00%
Optima town, Oklahoma	165	320	51.60%
Orlando town, Oklahoma	50	65	76.90%
Osage town, Oklahoma	75	115	65.20%
Owasso city, Oklahoma	12,295	36,145	34.00%
Paden town, Oklahoma	205	420	48.80%
Panama town, Oklahoma	730	1,400	52.10%
Panola CDP, Oklahoma	90	90	100.00%
Paoli town, Oklahoma	320	760	42.10%
Paradise Hill town, Oklahoma	20	60	33.30%
Park Hill CDP, Oklahoma	1,410	3,560	39.60%
Pauls Valley city, Oklahoma	3,015	5,905	51.10%
Pawhuska city, Oklahoma	2,290	3,260	70.20%
Pawnee city, Oklahoma	970	2,000	48.50%
Peavine CDP, Oklahoma	125	360	34.70%
Peckham CDP, Oklahoma	10	35	28.60%
Peggs CDP, Oklahoma	695	1,215	57.20%
Pensacola town, Oklahoma	75	145	51.70%
Peoria town, Oklahoma	80	105	76.20%
Perkins city, Oklahoma	1,365	2,965	46.00%
Perry city, Oklahoma	2,040	4,870	41.90%
Pershing CDP, Oklahoma	0	0	0.00%

Pettit CDP, Oklahoma	175	740	23.60%
Phillips town, Oklahoma	85	135	63.00%
Pickett CDP, Oklahoma	160	820	19.50%
Piedmont city, Oklahoma	1,385	8,155	17.00%
Piney CDP, Oklahoma	30	30	100.00%
Pinhook Corner CDP, Oklahoma	90	140	64.30%
Pink town, Oklahoma	690	1,825	37.80%
Pin Oak Acres CDP, Oklahoma	290	670	43.30%
Pittsburg town, Oklahoma	70	175	40.00%
Platter CDP, Oklahoma	105	155	67.70%
Pocasset town, Oklahoma	90	135	66.70%
Pocola town, Oklahoma	1,695	4,015	42.20%
Ponca City city, Oklahoma	10,035	23,275	43.10%
Pond Creek city, Oklahoma	530	1,120	47.30%
Pontotoc CDP, Oklahoma	0	0	0.00%
Porter town, Oklahoma	370	565	65.50%
Porum town, Oklahoma	640	895	71.50%
Poteau city, Oklahoma	4,200	8,570	49.00%
Prague city, Oklahoma	960	1,790	53.60%
Preston CDP, Oklahoma	160	300	53.30%
Proctor CDP, Oklahoma	45	380	11.80%
Prue town, Oklahoma	260	365	71.20%
Pryor Creek city, Oklahoma	4,190	9,100	46.00%
Pump Back CDP, Oklahoma	55	145	37.90%
Pumpkin Hollow CDP, Oklahoma	120	165	72.70%
Purcell city, Oklahoma	2,975	6,320	47.10%
Putnam town, Oklahoma	60	70	85.70%
Quapaw town, Oklahoma	355	780	45.50%
Quay CDP, Oklahoma	0	20	0.00%
Quinlan CDP, Oklahoma	0	0	0.00%
Quinton town, Oklahoma	515	810	63.60%
Ralston town, Oklahoma	130	320	40.60%
Ramona town, Oklahoma	385	655	58.80%
Randlett town, Oklahoma	105	340	30.90%
Ratliff City town, Oklahoma	50	150	33.30%
Rattan town, Oklahoma	190	315	60.30%
Ravia town, Oklahoma	235	555	42.30%
Reagan CDP, Oklahoma	4	45	8.90%
Redbird town, Oklahoma	45	80	56.30%
Redbird Smith CDP, Oklahoma	255	595	42.90%
Red Oak town, Oklahoma	415	605	68.60%
Red Rock town, Oklahoma	95	220	43.20%
Remy CDP, Oklahoma	185	660	28.00%
Renfrow town, Oklahoma	4	4	100.00%
Rentiesville town, Oklahoma	35	155	22.60%
Reydon town, Oklahoma	95	140	67.90%

Ringling town, Oklahoma	600	995	60.30%
Ringwood town, Oklahoma	355	570	62.30%
Ripley town, Oklahoma	135	270	50.00%
River Bottom CDP, Oklahoma	115	260	44.20%
Rock Island town, Oklahoma	380	825	46.10%
Rocky town, Oklahoma	135	220	61.40%
Rocky Ford CDP, Oklahoma	80	215	37.20%
Rocky Mountain CDP, Oklahoma	380	680	55.90%
Rocky Point CDP, Oklahoma	515	725	71.00%
Roff town, Oklahoma	355	780	45.50%
Roland town, Oklahoma	1,945	3,825	50.80%
Roosevelt town, Oklahoma	115	230	50.00%
Rose CDP, Oklahoma	65	335	19.40%
Rosedale town, Oklahoma	20	30	66.70%
Rosston town, Oklahoma	15	40	37.50%
Rush Springs town, Oklahoma	615	1,100	55.90%
Ryan town, Oklahoma	455	805	56.50%
St. Louis town, Oklahoma	45	95	47.40%
Salina town, Oklahoma	655	1,415	46.30%
Sallisaw city, Oklahoma	4,770	8,330	57.30%
Sams Corner CDP, Oklahoma	50	195	25.60%
Sand Hill CDP, Oklahoma	175	350	50.00%
Sand Point CDP, Oklahoma	0	310	0.00%
Sand Springs city, Oklahoma	7,930	19,780	40.10%
Sapulpa city, Oklahoma	9,320	20,925	44.50%
Sasakwa town, Oklahoma	35	60	58.30%
Savanna town, Oklahoma	220	590	37.30%
Sawyer town, Oklahoma	115	465	24.70%
Sayre city, Oklahoma	865	2,140	40.40%
Schulter town, Oklahoma	205	555	36.90%
Scipio CDP, Oklahoma	15	40	37.50%
Seiling city, Oklahoma	535	1,045	51.20%
Selman CDP, Oklahoma	0	0	0.00%
Seminole city, Oklahoma	3,850	6,825	56.40%
Sentinel town, Oklahoma	340	1,050	32.40%
Sequoyah CDP, Oklahoma	170	940	18.10%
Seward CDP, Oklahoma	0	0	0.00%
Shady Grove CDP (Cherokee County), Oklahoma	210	580	36.20%
Shady Grove CDP (McIntosh County), Oklahoma	255	380	67.10%
Shady Point town, Oklahoma	565	1,130	50.00%
Shamrock town, Oklahoma	30	30	100.00%
Sharon town, Oklahoma	40	125	32.00%
Shattuck town, Oklahoma	640	1,370	46.70%
Shawnee city, Oklahoma	15,375	29,740	51.70%
Shidler city, Oklahoma	165	405	40.70%
Short CDP, Oklahoma	95	180	52.80%

Silo town, Oklahoma	175	505	34.70%
Simms CDP, Oklahoma	70	360	19.40%
Skedee town, Oklahoma	25	40	62.50%
Skiatook city, Oklahoma	3,900	7,990	48.80%
Slaughterville town, Oklahoma	1,990	4,290	46.40%
Slick town, Oklahoma	105	235	44.70%
Smith Village town, Oklahoma	55	75	73.30%
Smithville town, Oklahoma	45	90	50.00%
Snake Creek CDP, Oklahoma	115	320	35.90%
Snyder city, Oklahoma	565	1,300	43.50%
Soper town, Oklahoma	125	210	59.50%
Sour John CDP, Oklahoma	15	95	15.80%
South Coffeyville town, Oklahoma	310	830	37.30%
Sparks town, Oklahoma	90	165	54.50%
Sparrowhawk CDP, Oklahoma	60	160	37.50%
Spaulding town, Oklahoma	55	100	55.00%
Spavinaw town, Oklahoma	305	425	71.80%
Spencer city, Oklahoma	2,085	3,960	52.70%
Sperry town, Oklahoma	660	1,145	57.60%
Spiro town, Oklahoma	1,290	2,265	57.00%
Sportmans Shores CDP, Oklahoma	185	230	80.40%
Sportsmen Acres town, Oklahoma	220	455	48.40%
Springer town, Oklahoma	345	690	50.00%
Steely Hollow CDP, Oklahoma	60	240	25.00%
Sterling town, Oklahoma	250	680	36.80%
Stidham town, Oklahoma	4	20	20.00%
Stigler city, Oklahoma	1,680	2,660	63.20%
Stillwater city, Oklahoma	22,855	43,120	53.00%
Stilwell city, Oklahoma	2,710	3,920	69.10%
Stonewall town, Oklahoma	265	470	56.40%
Stoney Point CDP, Oklahoma	70	210	33.30%
Strang town, Oklahoma	55	85	64.70%
Stratford town, Oklahoma	910	1,470	61.90%
Stringtown town, Oklahoma	180	420	42.90%
Strong City town, Oklahoma	10	25	40.00%
Stroud city, Oklahoma	1,270	2,610	48.70%
Stuart town, Oklahoma	75	150	50.00%
Sugden town, Oklahoma	4	30	13.30%
Sulphur city, Oklahoma	1,670	4,695	35.60%
Summit town, Oklahoma	75	125	60.00%
Sumner CDP, Oklahoma	50	75	66.70%
Sunray CDP, Oklahoma	410	920	44.60%
Sweetwater town, Oklahoma	75	125	60.00%
Swink CDP, Oklahoma	45	65	69.20%
Sycamore CDP, Oklahoma	0	0	0.00%
Taft town, Oklahoma	75	125	60.00%

Tagg Flats CDP, Oklahoma	0	0	0.00%
Tahlequah city, Oklahoma	6,775	15,070	45.00%
Talala town, Oklahoma	120	280	42.90%
Talihina town, Oklahoma	655	980	66.80%
Taloga town, Oklahoma	170	305	55.70%
Tamaha town, Oklahoma	115	190	60.50%
Tatums town, Oklahoma	135	170	79.40%
Taylor Ferry CDP, Oklahoma	220	705	31.20%
Tecumseh city, Oklahoma	2,805	6,585	42.60%
Temple town, Oklahoma	530	880	60.20%
Tenkkiller CDP, Oklahoma	175	335	52.20%
Teresita CDP, Oklahoma	50	175	28.60%
Terlton town, Oklahoma	30	55	54.50%
Terral town, Oklahoma	260	400	65.00%
Texanna CDP, Oklahoma	1,015	2,370	42.80%
Texhoma town, Oklahoma	320	1,025	31.20%
Texola town, Oklahoma	4	4	100.00%
Thackerville town, Oklahoma	200	400	50.00%
The Village city, Oklahoma	3,930	9,460	41.50%
Thomas city, Oklahoma	475	1,210	39.30%
Tiawah CDP, Oklahoma	70	130	53.80%
Tipton town, Oklahoma	415	695	59.70%
Tishomingo city, Oklahoma	1,240	2,875	43.10%
Titanic CDP, Oklahoma	50	420	11.90%
Tonkawa city, Oklahoma	1,140	2,915	39.10%
Tonkawa Tribal Housing CDP, Oklahoma	165	355	46.50%
Toppers CDP, Oklahoma	500	810	61.70%
Tribbey town, Oklahoma	135	305	44.30%
Tryon town, Oklahoma	245	620	39.50%
Tullahassee town, Oklahoma	10	150	6.70%
Tulsa city, Oklahoma	200,365	395,500	50.70%
Tupelo city, Oklahoma	170	325	52.30%
Turley CDP, Oklahoma	1,820	2,675	68.00%
Turpin CDP, Oklahoma	110	280	39.30%
Tushka town, Oklahoma	320	490	65.30%
Tuskahoma CDP, Oklahoma	35	75	46.70%
Tuttle city, Oklahoma	1,610	7,315	22.00%
Twin Lakes CDP, Oklahoma	85	85	100.00%
Twin Oaks CDP, Oklahoma	260	380	68.40%
Tyrone town, Oklahoma	570	1,050	54.30%
Union City town, Oklahoma	330	1,300	25.40%
Utica CDP, Oklahoma	10	45	22.20%
Valley Brook town, Oklahoma	725	905	80.10%
Valley Park town, Oklahoma	4	15	26.70%
Valliant town, Oklahoma	535	870	61.50%
Vanoss CDP, Oklahoma	0	50	0.00%

Velma town, Oklahoma	330	640	51.60%
Vera town, Oklahoma	65	420	15.50%
Verden town, Oklahoma	375	585	64.10%
Verdigris town, Oklahoma	1,300	4,515	28.80%
Vian town, Oklahoma	795	1,275	62.40%
Vici town, Oklahoma	235	605	38.80%
Vinita city, Oklahoma	2,520	4,985	50.60%
Wagoner city, Oklahoma	4,975	8,945	55.60%
Wainwright town, Oklahoma	70	135	51.90%
Wakita town, Oklahoma	155	300	51.70%
Walters city, Oklahoma	1,325	2,610	50.80%
Wanette town, Oklahoma	150	315	47.60%
Wann town, Oklahoma	65	145	44.80%
Wapanucka town, Oklahoma	330	530	62.30%
Wardville CDP, Oklahoma	4	115	3.50%
Warner town, Oklahoma	595	1,080	55.10%
Warr Acres city, Oklahoma	5,970	10,075	59.30%
Warwick town, Oklahoma	120	185	64.90%
Washington town, Oklahoma	285	685	41.60%
Washita CDP, Oklahoma	40	75	53.30%
Watonga city, Oklahoma	530	1,550	34.20%
Watova CDP, Oklahoma	35	75	46.70%
Watts town, Oklahoma	180	285	63.20%
Wauhillau CDP, Oklahoma	210	420	50.00%
Waukomis town, Oklahoma	460	1,200	38.30%
Waurika city, Oklahoma	955	1,920	49.70%
Wayne town, Oklahoma	375	745	50.30%
Waynoka city, Oklahoma	455	735	61.90%
Weatherford city, Oklahoma	4,925	10,710	46.00%
Webb City town, Oklahoma	30	45	66.70%
Webbers Falls town, Oklahoma	265	520	51.00%
Welch town, Oklahoma	345	655	52.70%
Weleetka town, Oklahoma	575	910	63.20%
Welling CDP, Oklahoma	355	690	51.40%
Wellston town, Oklahoma	305	860	35.50%
Welty CDP, Oklahoma	50	135	37.00%
West Peavine CDP, Oklahoma	165	300	55.00%
Westport town, Oklahoma	125	390	32.10%
West Siloam Springs town, Oklahoma	465	1,175	39.60%
Westville town, Oklahoma	950	1,630	58.30%
Wetumka city, Oklahoma	745	1,155	64.50%
Wewoka city, Oklahoma	1,775	2,995	59.30%
Whippoorwill CDP, Oklahoma	55	80	68.80%
White Eagle CDP, Oklahoma	265	510	52.00%
Whitefield town, Oklahoma	245	560	43.80%
Whitehorn Cove CDP, Oklahoma	665	1,345	49.40%

White Oak CDP, Oklahoma	135	285	47.40%
Whitesboro CDP, Oklahoma	155	230	67.40%
White Water CDP, Oklahoma	145	150	96.70%
Wickliffe CDP, Oklahoma	320	795	40.30%
Wilburton city, Oklahoma	1,265	2,360	53.60%
Willow town, Oklahoma	60	235	25.50%
Wilson city, Oklahoma	530	1,455	36.40%
Winchester town, Oklahoma	240	690	34.80%
Wister town, Oklahoma	665	1,055	63.00%
Woodall CDP, Oklahoma	355	1,005	35.30%
Woodlawn Park town, Oklahoma	40	165	24.20%
Woodward city, Oklahoma	6,170	11,970	51.50%
Wright City town, Oklahoma	365	645	56.60%
Wyandotte town, Oklahoma	320	510	62.70%
Wynnewood city, Oklahoma	1,000	1,790	55.90%
Wynona town, Oklahoma	165	290	56.90%
Yale city, Oklahoma	715	965	74.10%
Yeager town, Oklahoma	85	130	65.40%
Yukon city, Oklahoma	8,365	27,270	30.70%
Zeb CDP, Oklahoma	290	575	50.40%
Zena CDP, Oklahoma	100	145	69.00%
Zion CDP, Oklahoma	10	35	28.60%

STATE:OKLAHOMA

-----FY2025 SECTION 8 INCOME LIMITS-----

	PROGRAM	1 PERSON	2 PERSON	3 PERSON	4 PERSON	5 PERSON	6 PERSON	7 PERSON	8 PERSON
Enid, OK MSA FY 2025 MFI: \$89,200	EXTR LOW INCOME	18750	21400	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	54150
	VERY LOW INCOME	31250	35700	40150	44600	48200	51750	55350	58900
	LOW-INCOME	49950	57100	64250	71350	77100	82800	88500	94200
Fort Smith, AR-OK MSA FY 2025 MFI: \$80,600	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	42150	45050	47950
	VERY LOW INCOME	25450	29050	32700	36300	39250	42150	45050	47950
	LOW-INCOME	40700	46500	52300	58100	62750	67400	72050	76700
Lawton, OK MSA									
Cotton County, OK HMFA FY 2025 MFI: \$85,000	EXTR LOW INCOME	17500	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	54150
	VERY LOW INCOME	29100	33250	37400	41550	44850	48200	51550	54850
	LOW-INCOME	46550	53200	59850	66450	71800	77100	82400	87750
Lawton, OK HMFA FY 2025 MFI: \$74,500	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	46200	49200
	VERY LOW INCOME	26100	29800	33550	37250	40250	43250	46200	49200
	LOW-INCOME	41750	47700	53650	59600	64400	69150	73950	78700
Oklahoma City, OK MSA									
Grady County, OK HMFA FY 2025 MFI: \$96,800	EXTR LOW INCOME	20350	23250	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	54150
	VERY LOW INCOME	33900	38750	43600	48400	52300	56150	60050	63900
	LOW-INCOME	54250	62000	69750	77450	83650	89850	96050	102250
Lincoln County, OK HMFA FY 2025 MFI: \$77,500	EXTR LOW INCOME	16300	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	48050	51150
	VERY LOW INCOME	27150	31000	34900	38750	41850	44950	48050	51150
	LOW-INCOME	43400	49600	55800	62000	67000	71950	76900	81850
Oklahoma City, OK HMFA FY 2025 MFI: \$99,000	EXTR LOW INCOME	20550	23450	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	54150
	VERY LOW INCOME	34200	39100	44000	48850	52800	56700	60600	64500
	LOW-INCOME	54750	62550	70350	78150	84450	90700	96950	103200
Tulsa, OK MSA									
Okmulgee County, OK HMFA FY 2025 MFI: \$74,100	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350
Pawnee County, OK HMFA FY 2025 MFI: \$78,100	EXTR LOW INCOME	16450	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	48450	51550
	VERY LOW INCOME	27350	31250	35150	39050	42200	45300	48450	51550
	LOW-INCOME	43750	50000	56250	62500	67500	72500	77500	82500
Tulsa, OK HMFA FY 2025 MFI: \$90,300	EXTR LOW INCOME	19000	21700	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	54150
	VERY LOW INCOME	31650	36150	40650	45150	48800	52400	56000	59600
	LOW-INCOME	50600	57800	65050	72250	78050	83850	89600	95400
Adair County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$62,000	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350

STATE:OKLAHOMA

-----FY2025 SECTION 8 INCOME LIMITS-----

	PROGRAM	1 PERSON	2 PERSON	3 PERSON	4 PERSON	5 PERSON	6 PERSON	7 PERSON	8 PERSON
Alfalfa County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$99,900	EXTR LOW INCOME	21000	24000	27000	32150	37650	43150	48650	54150
	VERY LOW INCOME	35000	40000	45000	49950	53950	57950	61950	65950
	LOW-INCOME	55950	63950	71950	79900	86300	92700	99100	105500
Atoka County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$71,700	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350
Beaver County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$79,000	EXTR LOW INCOME	16600	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	52150
	VERY LOW INCOME	27650	31600	35550	39500	42700	45850	49000	52150
	LOW-INCOME	44250	50600	56900	63200	68300	73350	78400	83450
Beckham County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$80,200	EXTR LOW INCOME	16850	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	52950
	VERY LOW INCOME	28100	32100	36100	40100	43350	46550	49750	52950
	LOW-INCOME	44950	51350	57750	64150	69300	74450	79550	84700
Blaine County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$78,300	EXTR LOW INCOME	16450	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	48550	51700
	VERY LOW INCOME	27450	31350	35250	39150	42300	45450	48550	51700
	LOW-INCOME	43900	50150	56400	62650	67700	72700	77700	82700
Bryan County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$73,700	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350
Caddo County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$70,300	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350
Carter County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$81,600	EXTR LOW INCOME	17150	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	53900
	VERY LOW INCOME	28600	32650	36750	40800	44100	47350	50600	53900
	LOW-INCOME	45750	52250	58800	65300	70550	75750	81000	86200
Cherokee County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$72,700	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350
Choctaw County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$68,200	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350
Cimarron County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$85,400	EXTR LOW INCOME	17150	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	53950
	VERY LOW INCOME	28600	32700	36800	40850	44100	47400	50650	53950
	LOW-INCOME	45750	52300	58850	65350	70600	75850	81050	86300
Coal County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$60,700	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350

STATE:OKLAHOMA

-----FY2025 SECTION 8 INCOME LIMITS-----

	PROGRAM	1 PERSON	2 PERSON	3 PERSON	4 PERSON	5 PERSON	6 PERSON	7 PERSON	8 PERSON
Craig County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$65,800	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350
Custer County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$83,300	EXTR LOW INCOME	17500	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	54150
	VERY LOW INCOME	29200	33350	37500	41650	45000	48350	51650	55000
	LOW-INCOME	46700	53350	60000	66650	72000	77350	82650	88000
Delaware County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$74,700	EXTR LOW INCOME	15700	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	46350	49350
	VERY LOW INCOME	26150	29900	33650	37350	40350	43350	46350	49350
	LOW-INCOME	41850	47800	53800	59750	64550	69350	74100	78900
Dewey County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$77,300	EXTR LOW INCOME	16250	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	47950	51050
	VERY LOW INCOME	27100	30950	34800	38650	41750	44850	47950	51050
	LOW-INCOME	43300	49500	55700	61850	66800	71750	76700	81650
Ellis County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$77,500	EXTR LOW INCOME	16300	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	48050	51150
	VERY LOW INCOME	27150	31000	34900	38750	41850	44950	48050	51150
	LOW-INCOME	43400	49600	55800	62000	67000	71950	76900	81850
Garvin County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$79,000	EXTR LOW INCOME	15850	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	46700	49700
	VERY LOW INCOME	26350	30100	33900	37650	40700	43700	46700	49700
	LOW-INCOME	42200	48200	54250	60250	65100	69900	74750	79550
Grant County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$87,900	EXTR LOW INCOME	18450	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	54150
	VERY LOW INCOME	30800	35200	39600	43950	47500	51000	54500	58050
	LOW-INCOME	49250	56250	63300	70300	75950	81550	87200	92800
Greer County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$76,600	EXTR LOW INCOME	15850	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	46700	49700
	VERY LOW INCOME	26350	30100	33900	37650	40700	43700	46700	49700
	LOW-INCOME	42200	48200	54250	60250	65100	69900	74750	79550
Harmon County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$65,500	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350
Harper County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$79,400	EXTR LOW INCOME	16700	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	52450
	VERY LOW INCOME	27800	31800	35750	39700	42900	46100	49250	52450
	LOW-INCOME	44450	50800	57150	63500	68600	73700	78750	83850
Haskell County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$67,100	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350
Hughes County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$62,300	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350

STATE:OKLAHOMA

-----FY2025 SECTION 8 INCOME LIMITS-----

	PROGRAM	1 PERSON	2 PERSON	3 PERSON	4 PERSON	5 PERSON	6 PERSON	7 PERSON	8 PERSON
Jackson County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$84,500	EXTR LOW INCOME	17750	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	54150
	VERY LOW INCOME	29500	33750	37950	42150	45500	48900	52300	55650
	LOW-INCOME	47250	54000	60750	67450	72850	78250	83650	89050
Jefferson County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$66,400	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350
Johnston County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$66,600	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350
Kay County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$75,500	EXTR LOW INCOME	15900	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	46850	49850
	VERY LOW INCOME	26450	30200	34000	37750	40800	43800	46850	49850
	LOW-INCOME	42300	48350	54400	60400	65250	70100	74900	79750
Kingfisher County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$85,000	EXTR LOW INCOME	17850	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	54150
	VERY LOW INCOME	29750	34000	38250	42500	45900	49300	52700	56100
	LOW-INCOME	47600	54400	61200	68000	73450	78900	84350	89800
Kiowa County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$61,500	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350
Latimer County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$61,000	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350
Le Flore County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$67,600	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350
Love County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$78,900	EXTR LOW INCOME	16600	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	52100
	VERY LOW INCOME	27650	31600	35550	39450	42650	45800	48950	52100
	LOW-INCOME	44200	50500	56800	63100	68150	73200	78250	83300
Major County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$85,800	EXTR LOW INCOME	18050	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	54150
	VERY LOW INCOME	30050	34350	38650	42900	46350	49800	53200	56650
	LOW-INCOME	48100	54950	61800	68650	74150	79650	85150	90650
Marshall County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$64,500	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350
Mayes County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$76,400	EXTR LOW INCOME	16050	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	47400	50450
	VERY LOW INCOME	26750	30600	34400	38200	41300	44350	47400	50450
	LOW-INCOME	42800	48900	55000	61100	66000	70900	75800	80700

STATE:OKLAHOMA

-----FY2025 SECTION 8 INCOME LIMITS-----

	PROGRAM	1 PERSON	2 PERSON	3 PERSON	4 PERSON	5 PERSON	6 PERSON	7 PERSON	8 PERSON
McCurtain County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$69,100	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350
McIntosh County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$62,000	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350
Murray County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$83,700	EXTR LOW INCOME	17600	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	54150
	VERY LOW INCOME	29300	33500	37700	41850	45200	48550	51900	55250
	LOW-INCOME	46900	53600	60300	66950	72350	77700	83050	88400
Muscowee County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$76,400	EXTR LOW INCOME	16050	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	47400	50450
	VERY LOW INCOME	26750	30600	34400	38200	41300	44350	47400	50450
	LOW-INCOME	42800	48900	55000	61100	66000	70900	75800	80700
Noble County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$92,000	EXTR LOW INCOME	19250	22000	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	54150
	VERY LOW INCOME	32100	36650	41250	45800	49500	53150	56800	60500
	LOW-INCOME	51300	58600	65950	73250	79150	85000	90850	96700
Nowata County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$69,300	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350
Okfuskee County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$65,200	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350
Ottawa County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$64,000	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350
Payne County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$90,700	EXTR LOW INCOME	17500	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	54150
	VERY LOW INCOME	29150	33300	37450	41600	44900	48250	51600	54900
	LOW-INCOME	46600	53250	59900	66550	71900	77200	82550	87850
Pittsburg County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$75,500	EXTR LOW INCOME	15900	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	46850	49850
	VERY LOW INCOME	26450	30200	34000	37750	40800	43800	46850	49850
	LOW-INCOME	42300	48350	54400	60400	65250	70100	74900	79750
Pontotoc County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$84,100	EXTR LOW INCOME	17700	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	54150
	VERY LOW INCOME	29450	33650	37850	42050	45450	48800	52150	55550
	LOW-INCOME	47150	53850	60600	67300	72700	78100	83500	88850
Pottawatomie County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$74,000	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350

STATE:OKLAHOMA

-----FY2025 SECTION 8 INCOME LIMITS-----

	PROGRAM	1 PERSON	2 PERSON	3 PERSON	4 PERSON	5 PERSON	6 PERSON	7 PERSON	8 PERSON
Pushmataha County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$62,400	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350
Roger Mills County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$77,300	EXTR LOW INCOME	16250	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	47950	51050
	VERY LOW INCOME	27100	30950	34800	38650	41750	44850	47950	51050
	LOW-INCOME	43300	49500	55700	61850	66800	71750	76700	81650
Seminole County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$60,600	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350
Stephens County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$81,700	EXTR LOW INCOME	17150	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	53950
	VERY LOW INCOME	28600	32700	36800	40850	44150	47400	50700	53950
	LOW-INCOME	45750	52300	58850	65350	70600	75850	81050	86300
Texas County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$79,100	EXTR LOW INCOME	16650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	52250
	VERY LOW INCOME	27700	31650	35600	39550	42750	45900	49050	52250
	LOW-INCOME	44350	50650	57000	63300	68400	73450	78500	83600
Tillman County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$66,300	EXTR LOW INCOME	15650	21150	26650	32150	37650	43050	46050	49000
	VERY LOW INCOME	26000	29700	33400	37100	40100	43050	46050	49000
	LOW-INCOME	41550	47500	53450	59350	64100	68850	73600	78350
Washington County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$88,100	EXTR LOW INCOME	18550	21200	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	54150
	VERY LOW INCOME	30850	35250	39650	44050	47600	51100	54650	58150
	LOW-INCOME	49350	56400	63450	70500	76150	81800	87450	93100
Washita County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$77,900	EXTR LOW INCOME	16350	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	48300	51450
	VERY LOW INCOME	27300	31200	35100	38950	42100	45200	48300	51450
	LOW-INCOME	43650	49850	56100	62300	67300	72300	77300	82250
Woods County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$89,300	EXTR LOW INCOME	18800	21450	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	54150
	VERY LOW INCOME	31300	35750	40200	44650	48250	51800	55400	58950
	LOW-INCOME	50050	57200	64350	71450	77200	82900	88600	94350
Woodward County, OK FY 2025 MFI: \$89,000	EXTR LOW INCOME	17400	21150	26650	32150	37650	43150	48650	54150
	VERY LOW INCOME	29050	33200	37350	41450	44750	48100	51400	54700
	LOW-INCOME	46450	53050	59700	66300	71650	76950	82250	87550